Benchtop pH/ORP/Ion Meter LAQUA-PH1100, LAQUA-PH1200, LAQUA-PH1300

Instruction Manual

CODE:GZ0000427793

Preface

This manual describes the operation of the Benchtop pH/ORP/Ion Meter LAQUA-PH1100, LAQUA-PH1200, LAQUA-PH1300.

Be sure to read this manual before using the product to ensure proper and safe operation of the product. Also safely store the manual so it is readily available whenever necessary.

Product specifications and appearance, as well as the contents of this manual are subject to change without notice.

Warranty and responsibility

HORIBA, Ltd. warrants that the Product shall be free from defects in material and workmanship and agrees to repair or replace free of charge, at option of HORIBA, Ltd., any malfunctioned or damaged Product attributable to responsibility of HORIBA, Ltd. for a period of Two (2) years from the delivery unless otherwise agreed with a written agreement. In any one of the following cases, none of the warranties set forth herein shall be extended;

- Any malfunction or damage attributable to improper operation
- Any malfunction attributable to repair or modification by any person not authorized by HORIBA, Ltd.
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to the use in an environment not specified in this manual
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to violation of the instructions in this manual or operations in the manner not specified in this manual
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to any cause or causes beyond the reasonable control of HORIBA, Ltd. such as natural disasters
- Any deterioration in appearance attributable to corrosion, rust, and so on
- · Replacement of consumables

HORIBA, LTD. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY MALFUNCTIONS OF THE PRODUCT, ANY ERASURE OF DATA, OR ANY OTHER USES OF THE PRODUCT.

Trademarks

 Microsoft, Windows, Windows Vista are registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

Other company names and brand names are either registered trademarks or trademarks of the respective companies. (R), (TM) symbols may be omitted in this manual.

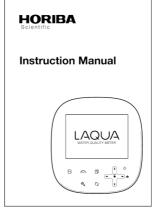
■ Items in package

After opening the package, check for damage on the instrument and that the standard accessories (see below) all exist.

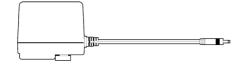
If damage or defects are found on the product, contact your dealer.

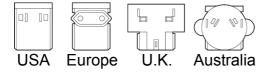


Instrument



Instruction manual (this book)





AC adapter

EU regulations

Conformable standards

This equipment conforms to the following standards:

CE	EMC: Safety: RoHS:	EN61326-1 Class B, Basic electromagnetic environment EN61010-1 EN50581 9. Monitoring and control instruments
Warning:		t is not intended for use in industrial environments. In an nvironment, electromagnetic environmental effects may

industrial environment, electromagnetic environmental effects may cause the incorrect performance of the product in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Installation environment

This product is designed for the following environment.

- Overvoltage Category II
- Pollution degree 2

Information on disposal of electrical and electronic equipment and disposal of batteries and accumulators

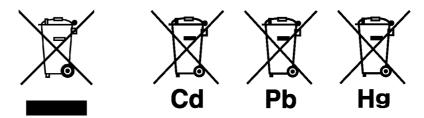
The crossed out wheeled bin symbol with underbar shown on the product or accompanying documents indicates the product requires appropriate treatment, collection and recycle for waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) under the Directive 2012/19/EU, and/or waste batteries and accumulators under the Directive 2006/66/EC in the European Union.

The symbol might be put with one of the chemical symbols below. In this case, it satisfies the requirements of the Directive 2006/66/EC for the object chemical.

This product should not be disposed of as unsorted household waste.

Your correct disposal of WEEE, waste batteries and accumulators will contribute to reducing wasteful consumption of natural resources, and protecting human health and the environment from potential negative effects caused by hazardous substance in products.

Contact your supplier for information on applicable disposal methods.



FCC rules

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance shall void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

WARNING

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Korea certification

●B급 기기 (가정용 방송통신기자재)

이 기기는 가정용(B 급) 전자파적합기기로서 주로 가정에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 하며, 모든 지역에서 사용할 수 있습니다.

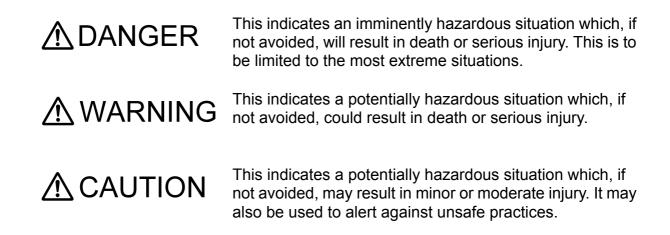
Taiwan battery recycling mark



Hazard classification and warning symbols

Warning messages are described in the following manner. Read the messages and follow the instructions carefully.

Hazard classification



Warning symbols



Description of what should be done, or what should be followed

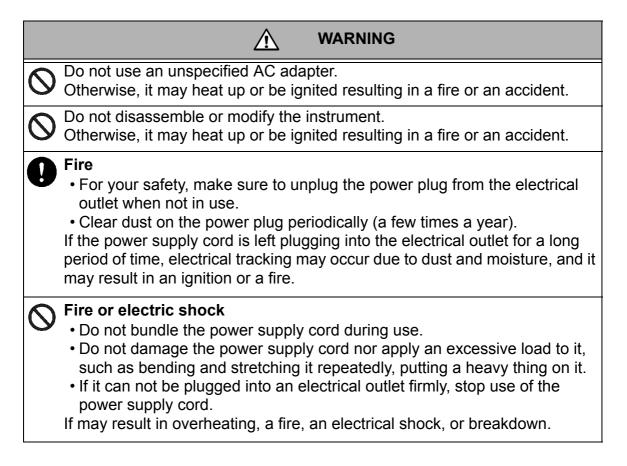


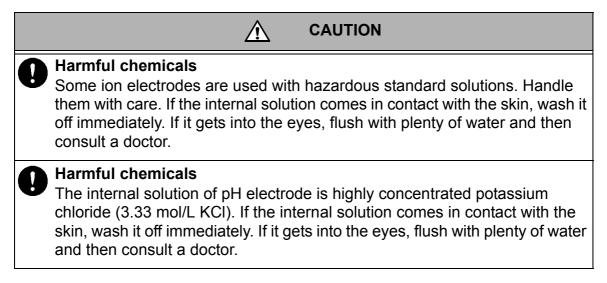
Description of what should never be done, or what is prohibited

Safety precautions

This section provides precautions for using the product safely and correctly and to prevent injury and damage. The terms of DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION indicate the degree of imminency and hazardous situation. Read the precautions carefully as it contains important safety messages.

Instrument and electrode





For your safety

	<u><u>A</u> CAUTION</u>
0	Broken glass Broken glass may cause injury. The outer tube and tip of an electrode are made of glass. Handle them with care.
\oslash	Do not use the RS-232C or USB communication and the AC adapter under wet or humid conditions. Otherwise, it may cause a fire, electric shock, or breakage.

Product handling information

Operational precautions (instrument)

- •Only use the product including accessories for their intended purpose.
- Do not drop, crash, or give any physical impact on the instrument.
- •Do not immerse the instrument into alcohol, organic solvent, strong acid, strong alkaline, or the like. The instrument body contains ABS resin, acrylic resin, and some rubber parts.
- If the instrument is dropped into water or gets wet, wipe it using soft cloth. Do not heat to dry it with a hair-dryer (or the like).
- •Use fingers to press the operation keys or the touch panel. Do not use a hard object like a metal stick or rod.
- •Be careful not to let water into the instruction inside. The instrument is not water-proof.
- To disconnect an electrode or interface cable, hold the connector and pull it off. If you pull at the cable, it may cause a breakage.
- •The touch panel is capacitance-type. Make sure to turn OFF the power before cleaning the panel. If you wipe it with the power ON, it may cause instrument malfunction.
- •RS-232C or USB communication between the instrument and a personal computer (referred to as PC in the rest of this document) may fail because of environmental conditions, such as (radio/electromagnetic) noise.
- •Make sure to use the provided power supply cable to power this product.

Environmental conditions for use and storage

- •Temperature: 0°C to 45°C
- ·Humidity: under 80% in relative humidity and free from condensation

Avoid the following conditions.

- Strong vibration
- Direct sunlight
- ·Corrosive gas environment
- ·Close to an air-conditioner
- Direct wind
- Dusty environment

Transportation

When transporting the instrument, repackage it in the original package box. Otherwise, it may cause instrument breakage.

Disposal

• Standard solution used for the calibration must be under neutralized before the disposal.

•When disposing of the product, follow the related laws and/or regulations of your country for disposal of the product.

Description in this manual

Note

This interprets the necessary points for correct operation and notifies the important points for handling the product.

Reference

This indicates the part where to refer for information.

___ Tip _____

This indicates reference information.

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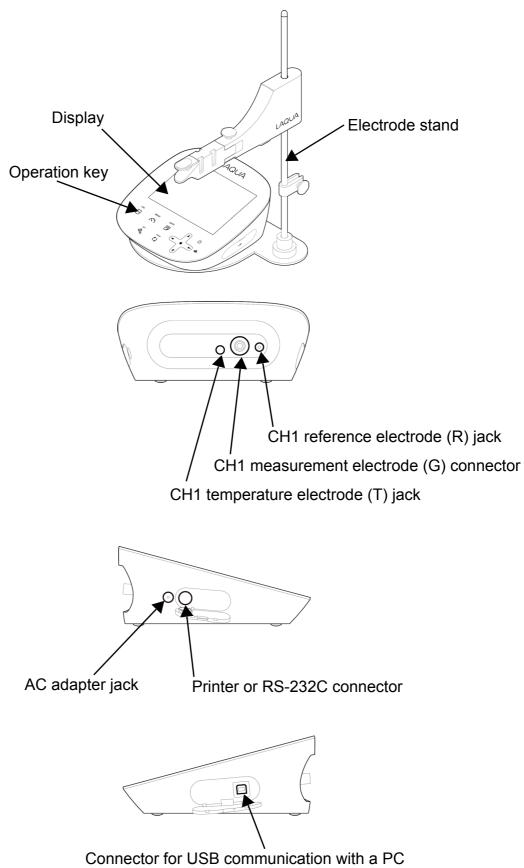
Part names and basic operation

This section describes the name of each part and the main role, function, and basic operation method of each part.

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Names of each part

Instrument



(PH1200 and PH1300)

Identification of manufacturing date

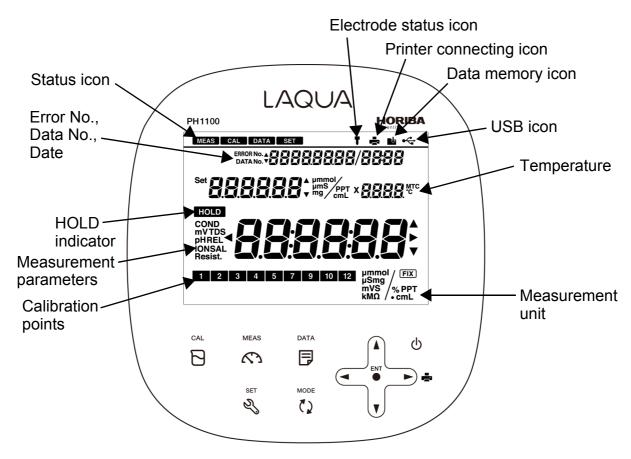
Manufacturing date can be identified from MFG No. described in the ID label on the backside of the instrument.

Third number from the left in the MFG No. indicates manufacturing year. Forth alphabet from the left in the MFG No. indicates manufacturing month. The alphabet is assigned to month according to the table below.

Ex.: ID: AA6A0000 means the device manufactured in 2016 January.

JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC
А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K	L	М

Display



• Operation key

This instrument employs capacitance switches. You can not operate them with thick gloves. Operate them with bare hands or thin rubber gloves.

Кеу	Name	Function		
	CAL key	Enters the calibration mode. Performs the calibration.		
MEAS	MEAS key	Enters the measurement mode. Releases the fixed measurement value in auto hold mode.		
	DATA key	Enters the data mode.		
SET S	SET key	Enters the setting mode. Cancels the setting values of the setting mode.		
MODE	MODE key	Switches the measurement items.		
	▲ key ▼ key	Increases the values. Decreases the values. Switches the setting item. Switches the channels.		
	∢ ▶ key	Changes number of digits, selects functions. Prints out the measurement values. (▶ key)		
ENT	ENTER key Saves the measurement data in the measurement mo Starts/stops automatic data memory.			
Q	POWER key	Turns ON or OFF the power. Press the POWER key for one second or longer to turn ON or OFF the power.		

____Tip

"ERROR No." icon is displayed on the screen when pressing the invalid key.

Basic operation

• Function layer

The function layer of the data mode and setting mode is shown as below.

"dX" and "PXX" indicates the program number which is shown in the screen of the instrument.

Data mode

Screen	Layer	Description
da: datout:	d1: DAT.OUT	Saved data display
dz At. Lo3;	d2: AT. LOG	Automatic data save setting (PH1200 and PH1300 only)
dafer:	d3: DAT.CLR	Deletion of saved data

Setting mode

Screen	Layer	Description
	P1: PH	pH measurement settings
	P11: RESOL	Selection of resolution: 0.1, 0.01, 0.001 (PH1100: 0.1, 0.01)
р; Рң ;	P12: BUFFER	Selection of standard solution type for calibration: USA, NIST, CUST (PH1100: USA, NIST)
	P13: CAL.DAT	Calibration data display
	P14: CAL.ALR	Calibration alarm setting: 1 day to 400 days (PH1200 and PH1300 only)
	P15: CAL.CLR	Deletion of calibration data
pp	P2: ION	Ion measurement settings (PH1300 only)
lon :	P21: UNIT	Selection of unit: μg/L, mg/L, g/L, mmol/L, mol/L
	P22: CHARGE	Ion valency setting: 1, 2, -2, -1
	P23: CAL.DAT	Calibration data display
	P24: CAL.CLR	Deletion of calibration data
ور : در	P3: TC	Temperature setting Selection of temperature conversion: ATC, MTC
	P4: GEN	General settings
	P41: MEAS	Selection of auto hold type: auto stability, auto hold
P4 9En :	P42: AT. OFF	Automatic power off setting: 0 min to 30 min (PH1200 and PH1300 only)
	P43: RESET	Initialization of settings
	P44: DATE	Date and time setting (PH1200 and PH1300 only)
	P45: PRINT	Test print
	P46: AT. PRN	Automatic print setting
	P47: PASS	Password

Note

PXX indicates the program number and is shown on the screen of instrument. The indication of screen shown in this manual is based on PH1300. The program numbers of PH1100 and PH1200 are different from those of PH1300.

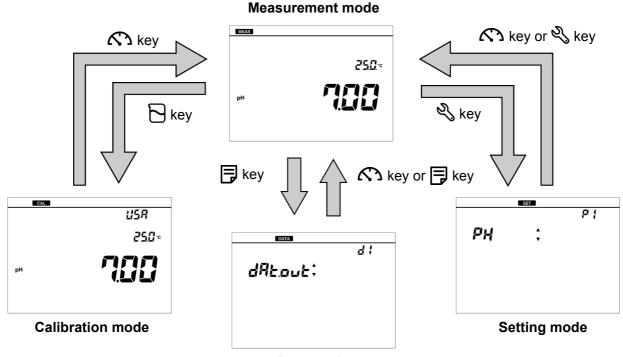
Changing the operation mode

Change the operation mode from four available modes depending on the purpose of use. The status icon indicates the current mode.

You can change the operation mode using the corresponding key. However changing to the calibration mode, data mode, or setting mode is possible only from the measurement mode. When changing to a different mode, first change to the measurement mode and then change to the desired mode.



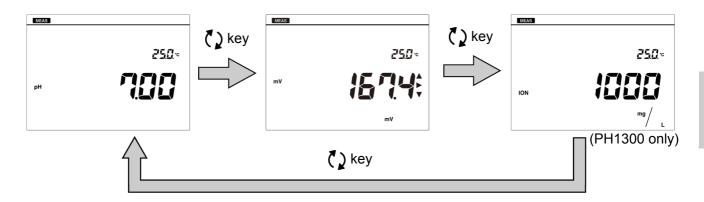
lcon	Name	Function
MEAS	Measurement mode	Performs measurement.
CAL	Calibration mode	Performs calibration.
DATA	Data mode	Performs data settings. Displays the saved data.
SET	Setting mode	Performs various settings. Displays the calibration and inspection history.



Data mode

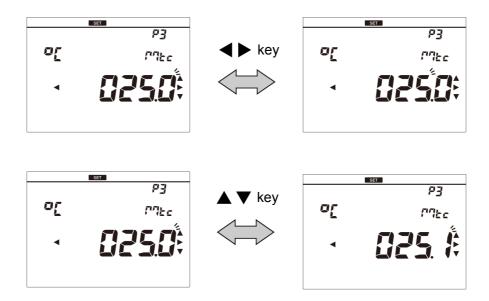
Changing the measurement parameter

This instrument measures multiple parameters. For measurement, an electrode corresponding to the measurement parameter is required. In the measurement mode, the measurement parameter can be changed by pressing the $\langle \rangle$ key.



Entering numeric values

When entering numeric values to make various settings and set a calibration value, change the selected digit using the $\blacktriangleleft \triangleright$ keys and increment or decrement the value (0 to 9) using the $\blacktriangle \blacktriangledown$ keys.

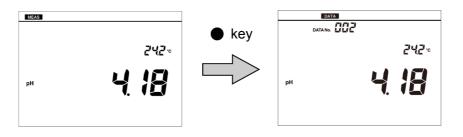


Saving measurement data in the internal memory

Up to 500 (PH1100) or 999 (PH1200/PH1300) data items measured by the instrument can be stored in the internal memory. Saving the measurement data is possible only when the instrument is in the measurement mode.

1. Press the key while the data to save is displayed.

The saved data is displayed for two seconds, and then the display returns to the previous screen automatically.



Note

If the data saved reaches 500 (PH1100) or 999 (PH1200/PH1300), an error occurs and "ERROR No. 0010" is displayed. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC and delete the data from the memory (refer to " Deleting all saved data " (page 47)).

Measurement

This section describes the basic method of measurement of each measurement parameters.

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Preparation

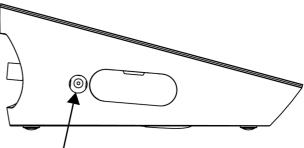
Confirmation before starting measurement

- Have you prepared the appropriate electrode for the measurement parameter? \Rightarrow If not, purchase the appropriate electrode.
- · Is the prepared electrode in good condition?
 - ⇒ If the responsive part is stained or damaged, it may not be possible to obtain accurate values.
- Have you prepared the appropriate standard solution for the measurement parameter?
 ⇒ If not, prepare the standard solution according to your applications.
- Are there any items that should not be wet or stained around the instrument?
 ⇒Depending on the operation during measurement, items around the instrument could get wet or stained. Secure sufficient space around the instrument and perform measurement while always paying attention to safety.
- · Are there any devices that can be a source of noise?
- ⇒ Measured values could be affected. Do not use the instrument near such devices. Always ground devices operated by AC power.

Turning ON the instrument

Perform the following procedure to connect AC adapter to the instrument.

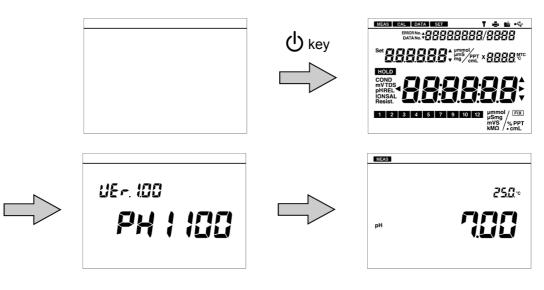
- 1. Insert the AC adapter cable by fitting with the AC adapter jack.
- 2. Insert the AC adapter into the electrical socket.



AC adapter jack

3. Press the (b) key.

The LCD is fully displayed for one second, and the screen displays the version number of software and the model, and then displays the measurement mode.



Note

- Do not insert the cable with force when the connector does not match the socket.
- Release your finger from the \bigcirc key after the power of the instrument is turned ON.
- "VEr" indicates the version of software. It may be revised when the software is updated.

Connecting an electrode

To perform measurement, it is necessary to use the appropriate electrode for measurement parameters. Recommended electrodes for each measured sample are listed in our product catalog and on our website. Refer to them when preparing electrodes. Use the following procedure to correctly connect the electrode to the instrument.

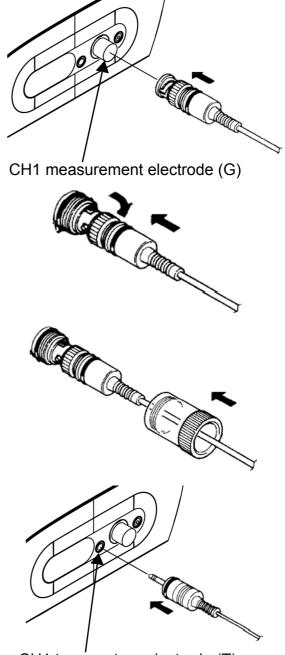
1. Insert the electrode connector by fitting its groove with the connector pin of the CH1 measurement electrode (G).

2. Turn the electrode connector clockwise

3. Put the connector cover on the connector.

by following the groove.

4. When using a combination electrode equipped with a temperature sensor, insert the temperature connector into the jack of the CH1 temperature electrode (T).



CH1 temperature electrode (T)

____ Tip

If the temperature connector is unconnected or the connection is wrong, temperature selected for MTC (manual temperature compensation) is displayed as the sample temperature.

Preparation for measurement is complete. For details of the measurement operation, refer to the following pages.

pH measurement

You can measure the pH of the sample with a combination pH electrode or a single pH electrode.

When a single pH electrode is used, the reference electrode is needed and the reference electrode connector has to be inserted into the jack of the CH1 reference electrode (R).

• Setting the instrument

Setting temperature compensation

Automatic temperature compensation function can be used by using a combination electrode equipped with a temperature sensor or connecting a temperature compensation electrode. By measuring temperature during calibration of the pH standard solution and compensating for the change in pH value of the standard solution due to its temperature changes, you can perform calibration using the value matched to the standard solution temperature (only when the standard solution setting is USA and NIST). However, the function does not convert the pH value according to the temperature characteristics of each sample, and you must record the obtained value together with the sample temperature value. The variation of pH value accompanying the temperature change differs depending on the sample.

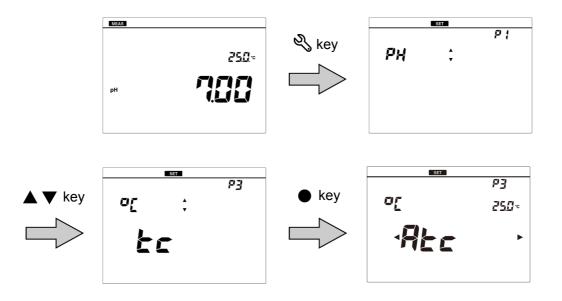
If you do not use the automatic temperature compensation function, match the temperature setting of the instrument to the temperature of the standard solution during calibration and match the sample temperature to the temperature setting of the instrument in measurement. By doing so, you can obtain the correct measurement value without being affected by sensitivity variation caused by temperature.

1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.

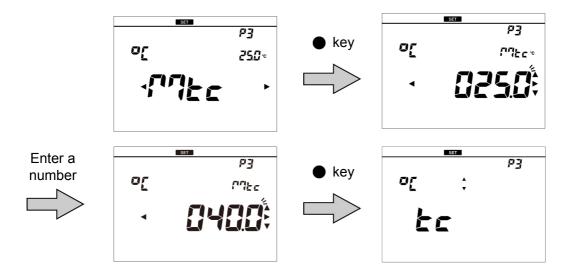
Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "TC" (temperature setting) and then press the ● key.

If the temperature connector is connected, "ATC" (automatic temperature compensation) appears. If not connected, "MTC" (manual temperature compensation) appears.

In the case of "ATC," you can calibrate temperature sensor (refer to " Calibrating temperature sensor " (page 53)).



3. In the case of "MTC", enter the temperature to be compensated for and press the ● key to confirm.

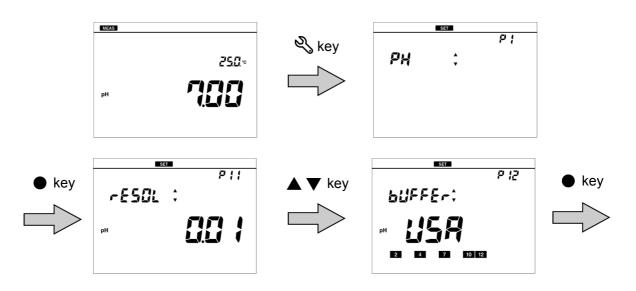


To return to the measurement mode, press the κ key.

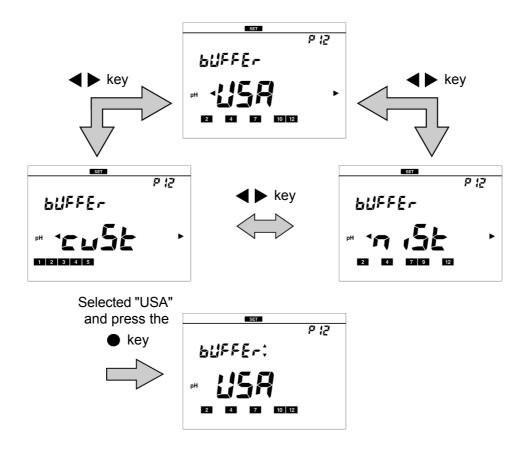
• Setting the standard solution used for calibration (default: USA)

Set the standard solution used for calibration. With this instrument, you can choose from three types, USA, NIST, and CUST (the standard solution other than NIST and USA). Set according to the standard solution to be used. CUST can only be selected on PH1200 and PH1300.

- 1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to select "pH" (pH setting) and then press the \bullet key.
- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "BUFFER" (pH standard solution setting) and then press the key.



4. Press the ◀ ► keys to select "USA", "NIST", or "CUST" according to the standard solution to be used, and then press the ● key to confirm selection.



To return to the measurement mode, press the \mathcal{K} key.

Standard solution type

Standard solution type	Description
USA	Set to use the standard solution of the USA specification.
	Standard solution icon 2 4 7 10 12
	pH value: 1 1.679, 4 4.008, 7 7.000, 1 10.011, 1 12.454
NIST	Set to use the standard solution of the NIST specification.
	Standard solution icon 2 4 7 9 12
	pH value: 1 .679, 4 .008, 7 .6.865, 9 .180,
	12 12.454
CUST	Set to use the standard solution of an optional specification.
	Standard solution icon 1 2 3 4 5

Performing calibration

Calibration is necessary to measure pH accurately. We recommend performing calibration once a day, before the first measurement. According to the following procedure, perform calibration accurately.

Note

- Perform two-point calibration using pH 7 and pH 4 when you know that the sample is acidic; pH 7 and pH 10 when you know that the sample is alkaline.
- •Perform three-point calibration using pH 4, pH 7, and pH 10 when the sample is unknown.
- You can confirm the current calibration data and delete the calibration data in the setting mode. (Refer to " Displaying the latest calibration and inspection data " (page 48), " Deleting calibration data " (page 51).)

• pH standard solution setting: USA or NIST

This section describes the procedure for two-point calibration of USA standard, pH 4 and 7, as an example of general calibration.

- 1. Clean the pH electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.
- 2. Open the internal solution filler port of the pH electrode.

If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stable. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.

3. Perform the 1st point calibration. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode in the pH 7 standard solution.

In order for the internal solution to flow into the standard solution, make sure to immerse the liquid junction in the standard solution surely.

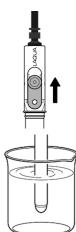
4. Press the \Box key to enter the calibration mode.

Stability judgment automatically starts and the pH icon blinks until the measured value stabilizes. When the measured value stabilizes, the pH icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state.

Tip

The standard solution type for the calibration is shown on the upper right screen.

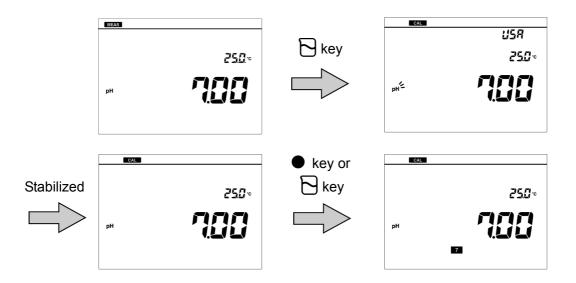




5. Press the \bullet key or \square key.

Calibration to the standard solution value at the measured temperature is performed. The 1st point calibration ends and "7" calibration history icon lights, indicating that pH 7 calibration is complete.

The display returns to the measurement screen.



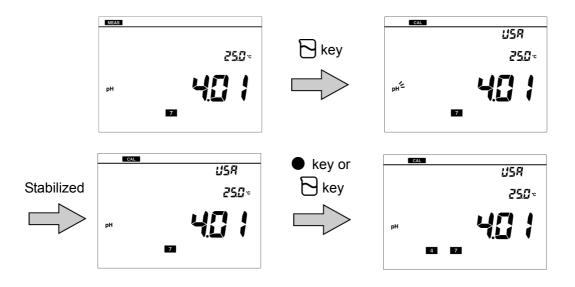
6. Perform the 2nd point calibration. As with the step 1., clean the pH electrode and immerse it in the pH 4 standard solution. As with the step 3., immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode.

7. Press the \square key to enter the calibration mode.

Stability judgment automatically starts and the pH icon blinks until the measured value stabilizes. When the measured value stabilizes, the pH icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state.

8. Press the \bullet key or \square key.

Calibration to the standard solution value at the measured temperature is performed. The 2nd point calibration ends and "4" calibration history icon lights, indicating that pH 4 calibration is complete.



Two-point calibration is complete.

When calibrating three points or more, use the same procedure to continue calibrating the 3rd and subsequent points after the 2nd point calibration. You can calibrate up to five points. Also, you can inspect repeatability using the pH 7 standard solution. About the repeatability inspection procedure, refer to "Inspecting repeatability" (page 22).

_ Tip

The order of calibration of the standard solution is optional. In the above example, you can calibrate pH 4 first and then pH 7.

Note

 If calibration of any standard solution is performed again, only the value of calibrated solution is updated. If calibration is repeated, only the calibration value of used standard solution is updated. The calibration values are retained until next calibration is performed, the data is deleted or buffer setting is changed. For the procedure for deleting the calibration data, refer to " Deleting calibration data " (page 51).

• It is recommended that you should clear the previous calibration data before the calibration in order to perform more accurate calibration.

Check of the pH electrode status

After calibration is complete, the current pH electrode status is diagnosed from the calibration result. Refer to the following table for maintenance of the electrode.

Display	Display Description		
Both ¶ and ERROR No. are not displayed	Electrode sensitivity: 85% to 100% Good condition.	_	
ERROR No.0004	Asymmetry potential: less than –45 mV or excess 45 mV Maintain or replace the electrode.	P. 80	
ERROR No.0005 blinks	Sensitivity: less than 85% or excess 105% Maintain or replace the electrode.	P. 80	

Inspecting repeatability

You can inspect repeatability using the pH 7 standard solution by returning to the calibration screen after calibration ends and pressing the \Im key. Measure the pH 7 standard solution by using the calibrated electrode to display the difference between the measured value and standard solution value with absolute value.

In order to inspect repeatability, you need to perform calibration of the pH 7 standard solution with either "USA" or "NIST" set as the standard solution.

- 1. Clean the calibrated pH electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.
- 2. Open the internal solution filler port of the pH electrode.

If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stable. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.

3. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode in the pH 7 standard solution.

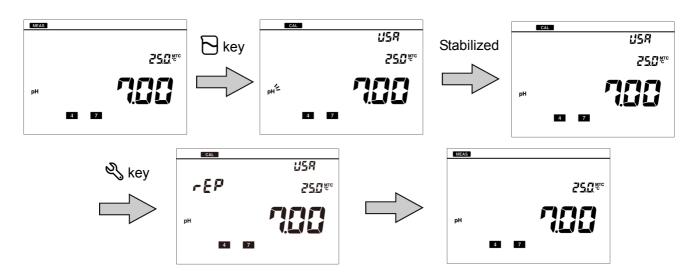
In order for the internal solution to flow into the standard solution, make sure to immerse the liquid junction in the standard solution surely.

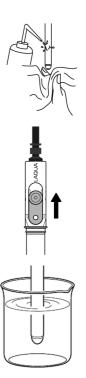
- 4. Press the \square key to enter the calibration mode.
- 5. Make sure that the pH icon lights while the pH electrode is immersed in the standard solution.

Stability judgment starts and the pH icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the pH icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and the display is fixed to the measured value at the stable time.

6. Press the 🔧 key to start inspection.

"REP" (repeatability) is shown and display changes to the measurement mode.





• pH standard solution setting: CUST

This section describes the procedure for two-point calibration. CUST can only be selected on PH1200 and PH1300.

- 1. Clean the pH electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.
- 2. Open the internal solution filler port of the pH electrode.

If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stable. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.

3. Perform the 1st point calibration. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode in standard solution.

In order for the internal solution to flow into the standard solution, make sure to immerse the liquid junction in the standard solution surely.



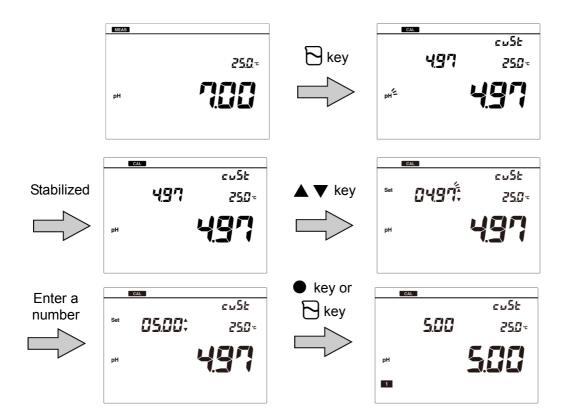
4. Press the \Box key to enter the calibration mode.

Stability judgment automatically starts and the pH icon blinks until the measured value stabilizes. When the measured value stabilizes, the pH icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state.

5. Enter the standard solution value and press the \bullet key or \square key.

Calibration to the set standard solution value is performed. The 1st point calibration ends and "1" calibration history icon lights, indicating that 1st point calibration is complete.

The display returns to the measurement screen.

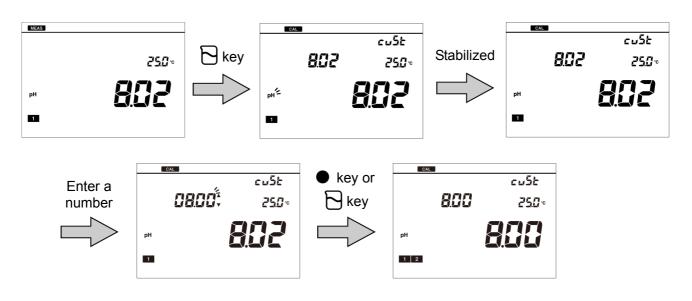


6. Perform the 2nd point calibration. As with the step 1., clean the pH electrode and immerse it in the 2nd standard solution. As with the step 3., immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode.

7. Press the result to enter the calibration mode. Stability judgment automatically starts and the pH icon blinks until the measured value stabilizes. When the measured value stabilizes, the pH icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state.

8. Enter the standard solution value and press the \bullet key or \square key.

Calibration to the set standard solution value is performed. The 2nd point calibration ends and "2" calibration history icon lights, indicating that 2nd point calibration is complete.



Two-point calibration is complete.

When calibrating three points or more, use the same procedure to continue calibrating the 3rd and subsequent points after the 2nd calibration. You can calibrate up to five points.

Note

 If calibration of any standard solution is performed again, only the value of calibrated solution is updated. If calibration is repeated, only the calibration value of used standard solution is updated. The calibration values are retained until next calibration is performed or the data is deleted. For the procedure for deleting the calibration data, refer to " Deleting calibration data" (page 51).

• It is recommended that you should clear the previous calibration data before the calibration in order to perform more accurate calibration.

Check of the pH electrode status

After calibration is complete, the current pH electrode status is diagnosed from the calibration result. Refer to the following table for maintenance of the electrode.

Display	Description	Reference
Both 🖡 and ERROR No. are not displayed	ERROR No. are not displayed	
ERROR No.0004		
ERROR No.0005	Sensitivity: less than 85% or excess 105% Maintain or replace the electrode.	P. 80

Performing measurement

You can perform measurement in the measurement mode by immersing the pH electrode in the sample. You can use the automatic hold function to judge the stability of the measured value. The automatic hold function has two modes, the auto stability mode and the auto hold mode. For the instruction to set the mode, refer to " Setting the auto stability and auto hold function " (page 55).

1. Clean the pH electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.



2. Open the internal solution filler port of the pH electrode.

If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stable. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.

3. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the pH electrode in the sample solution.

In order for the internal solution to flow into the sample solution, make sure to immerse the liquid junction in the sample solution surely.

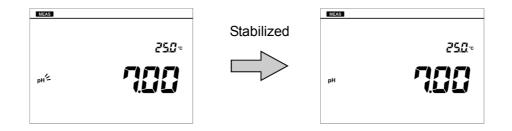
Stability judgment automatically starts and the pH icon blinks until the measured value stabilizes. When the measured value stabilizes, the pH icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and the display is fixed to the stabilized measured value.

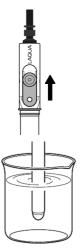


If the measurement pH value does not fulfill stability condition, the fixed value is released. When the measured value fulfills stability condition again, the measured value is fixed.

Auto hold mode

Press the ∞ key to release fixed the measurement value. When the measured value fulfills stability condition again, the measured value is fixed.





Note

- The criteria of stability judgment in the auto hold measurement are as follows.
 Potential variation for 10 seconds is less than 1 mV (0.015 pH equivalent) and temperature variation is less than 2.0°C
- If the measured value is below the display range, "Ur" (under) appears. If the measured value is above the display range, "Or" (over) appears. For details on the action to take, refer to "The measured value is outside the display range " (page 84).

Saving measured values

To save the measurement data, press the \bullet key in the screen that you want to save. For details, refer to "Saving measurement data in the internal memory" (page 10).

Printing measured values in the measurement mode

To print the measurement data, press the \blacktriangleright key in the screen that you want to print. For details, refer to "Printing measured values and calibration data" (page 65).

mV, ORP measurement

You can measure the electromotive force between the electrode and the sample by using a pH electrode. The mV value can be used to understand the status of the electrode in the mV measurement.

You can measure the ORP (oxidation-reduction potential) of the sample by using an ORP electrode in the ORP measurement.

In the measurement mode, press the () key to change the measurement parameter to "mV".

Switching between absolute value and relative value

There are two types of measurement mode for the mV and ORP measurement, the absolute value measurement and the relative value measurement.

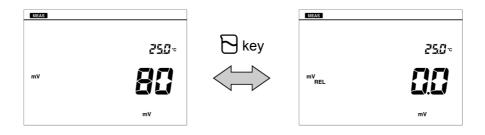
Absolute value measurement mode

The measured value of electromotive force is displayed.

• Relative value measurement mode

The measured value of electromotive force of a sample is corrected to 0 mV and set as a relative value. When the electromotive force of another sample is measured, the difference value between the relative value and the measured value is displayed.

The default mode is the absolute value measurement mode. Pressing the \Box key switches to the relative value measurement mode. Pressing the \Box key again returns to the absolute value measurement mode.



Performing measurement

You can perform measurement in the measurement mode by immersing the pH electrode in the sample. Also, you can use the automatic hold function to judge the stability of the measured value. The automatic hold function has two modes, the auto stability mode and the auto hold mode. For how to set the mode, refer to " Setting the auto stability and auto hold function " (page 55).

- 1. Clean the electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.
- 2. Open the internal solution filler port of the electrode.

If measurement is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stable. Make sure to keep the port open during measurement.

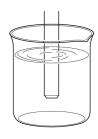
3. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode in the sample solution.

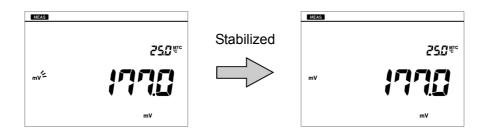
In order for the internal solution to flow into the sample solution, make sure to immerse the liquid junction in the sample solution surely.

Stability judgment automatically starts and the mV icon blinks until the measured value stabilizes. When the measured value stabilizes, the mV icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state, and the display is fixed to the stabilized measured value.









Note

- The criteria of stability judgment in the auto hold measurement are as follows. Potential variation for 10 seconds is less than 1 mV and temperature variation is less than 2.0°C
- If the measured value is below the display range, "Ur" (under) appears. If the measured value is above the display range, "Or" (over) appears. For details on the action to take, refer to "The measured value is outside the display range " (page 84).
- Note that when measuring the ORP of a sample solution that has extremely low concentrations of oxidants and reductants (such as tap water, well water, or water treated with purifying equipment), there may be less responsiveness and repeatability in general.
- If alkaline water is left, its ORP value changes considerably. Always measure alkaline lon water promptly.

Saving measured values

To save the measurement data, press the \bullet key in the screen that you want to save. For details, refer to "Saving measurement data in the internal memory" (page 10).

Printing measured values in the measurement mode

To print the measurement data, press the \blacktriangleright key in the screen that you want to print. For details, refer to "Printing measured values and calibration data" (page 65).

Ion concentration measurement

You can measure the concentration of a specific ion with an ion electrode.

Press the () key in the measurement mode to change the measurement parameter to "ION".

Measurement of ion concentration is only possible on PH1300.

Note

- Ion concentration varies depending on the sample temperature. For the accurate measurement, it is suggested that the calibration and measurement should be confirmed at a constant temperature using a constant temperature bath.
- To get accurate values, stir the standard solution and the sample solution using a stirrer during calibration and measurement.

• Setting the instrument

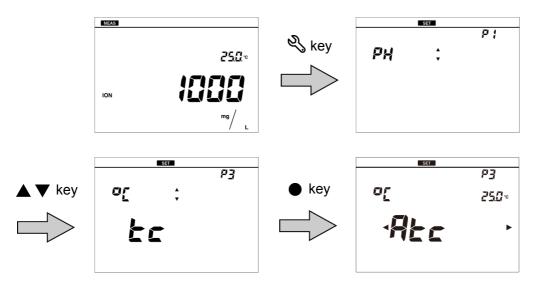
Setting the temperature compensation

Because the ion electrode is not equipped with a temperature sensor, the temperature electrode must be connected in order to use the automatic temperature compensation (ATC). In ATC mode, the Nernst slope (mV/one decade) is automatically changed corresponding to the measured temperature by the temperature sensor. If you do not use the automatic temperature compensation function, match the temperature setting of the instrument to the temperature of the standard solution during calibration and match the sample temperature to the temperature setting of the instrument in measurement. By doing so, you can obtain the correct measurement value without being affected by sensitivity variation caused by temperature. This cannot be set separately from the automatic temperature compensation setting for pH and the automatic temperature measurement setting for mV (ORP).

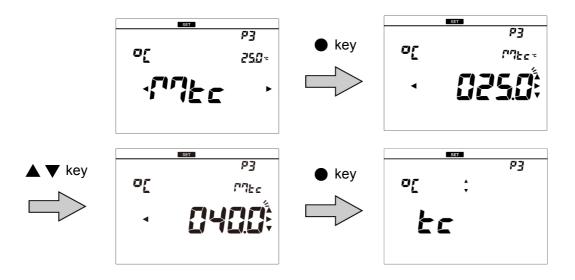
- 1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "TC" (temperature setting) and then press the key.

If the temperature connector is connected, "ATC" (automatic temperature compensation) appears. If not connected, "MTC" (manual temperature compensation) appears.

In the case of "ATC," you can calibrate the temperature sensor (refer to " Calibrating temperature sensor " (page 53)).



3. In the case of "MTC", enter the temperature to display and press the ● key to confirm.

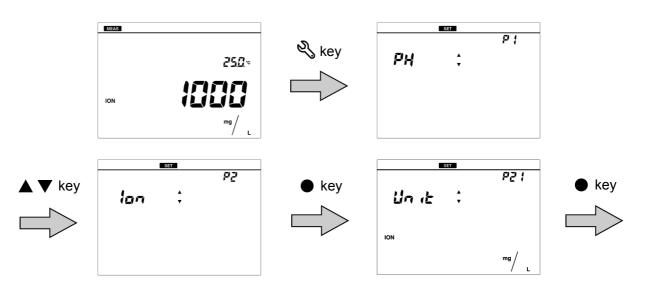


To return to the measurement mode, press the K key.

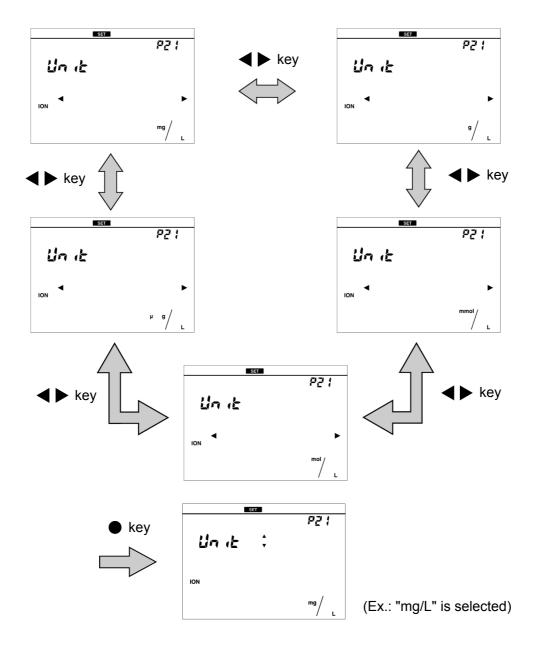
• Setting the ion concentration unit (default: mg/L)

According to the purpose, you can select the unit of ion concentration from μ g/L, mg/L, g/L, mmol/L, mol/L.

- 1. Press the \ll key to change to the setting mode.
- 2. Press the \blacktriangle \bigtriangledown keys to select "ION" (ion setting) and then press the \bigcirc key.
- Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "UNIT" (ion concentration unit setting) and then press the key.



4. Press the $\triangleleft \triangleright$ keys to select the unit and press the \bigcirc key to confirm selection.



To return to the measurement mode, press the κ key.

Note

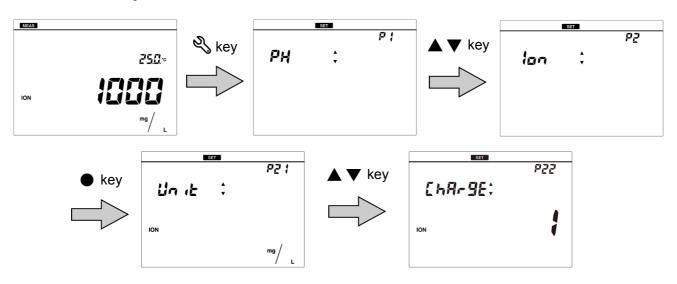
• Be sure to set the unit before performing calibration, as the calibration calculation varies depending on the unit and ion valency. If not, incorrect measurement values may result. After changing the unit or ion valency of the sample, change the setting as appropriate for the ion valency of the sample and recalibrate prior to performing measurement.

• When the unit of ion concentration is changed, the previous calibration data is deleted.

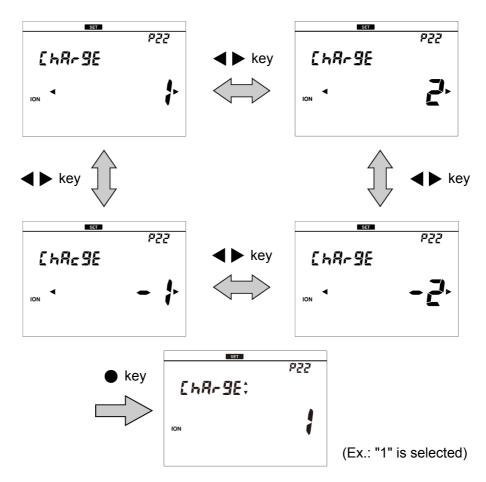
• Setting the ion valency of sample (default: 1)

Because the calculation formula varies depending on the type of ion, the ion valency must be set. Select the calculation formula according to the type of sample solution to be measured.

- 1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to select "ION" (ion setting) and then press the \bullet key.
- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "CHARGE" (ion valency setting) and then press the key.



4. Press the \blacktriangleleft keys to select the ion valency and press the \bullet key to confirm.



To return to the measurement mode, press the K key.

Note

- Be sure to set the ion valency before performing calibration, as the calibration calculation varies depending on the unit and ion valency. If not, incorrect measurement values may result. After changing the unit or ion valency of the sample, change the setting as appropriate for the ion valency of the sample and recalibrate prior to performing measurement.
- When the ion valency setting is changed, the previous calibration data is deleted.

Performing calibration

Calibration is necessary to measure ion concentration.

We recommend performing calibration once a day, before measurement.

According to the following procedure, perform calibration accurately. To prepare the standard solution, refer to the instruction manual for the ion electrode.

Conditioning of the electrode is necessary when the electrode has not been used for a long time. Refer to the table below to condition the electrode.

lon	Conditioning solution	Immerse time	
CI [_]	100 mg/L CI ⁻ solution	Approx. 10 min	
F ⁻	Pure water (or deionized water)	Approx. 10 min	
NO ₃	NO ₃ 1 mol/L potassium nitrate solution (100 g/L KNO ₃)		
K ⁺	0.1 mol/L potassium chloride solution (7.5 g/L KCI)	Approx. 12 hours	
Ca ²⁺	Ca ²⁺ Tap water		
NH ₃	No conditioning	_	

Note

• For performing calibration or measurement, replace the internal solution inside the outer tube of the ion electrode before using the electrode.

• Prepare at least 100 mL of the standard solution for calibration. An insufficient volume may cause the measured value to drift.

1. Clean the ion electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.

Do not directly touch the responsive membrane.

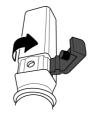
2. Open the internal solution filler port of the ion electrode.

If calibration is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stabilized. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.

3. Perform the 1st point calibration. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the ion electrode in the standard solution.

Make sure that the responsive membrane is immersed.





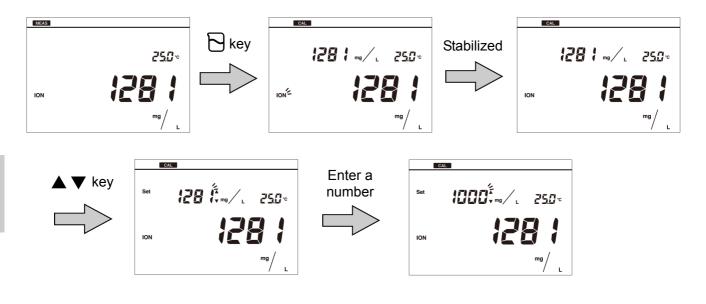


4. Press the \square key to enter the calibration mode.

Stability judgment starts automatically and the ion icon blinks. When the measured value stabilizes, the ion icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state, and the display is fixed to the stabilized measured value.

5. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to enter the ion concentration value of the standard solution used for calibration.

To change the decimal point, press the \ll key.

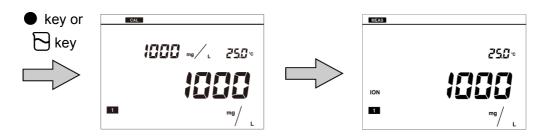


Note

The ion concentration value of the standard solution can be entered even when "Or" is displayed on the screen.

6. Press the \square key or \bullet key.

Calibration to the set standard solution value is performed. The 1st point calibration ends and "1" calibration history icon lights, indicating that 1st point calibration is complete.



7. Perform the 2nd point calibration. As with the step 1., clean the ion electrode and immerse it in the 2nd standard solution. As with the step 3., immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the ion electrode.

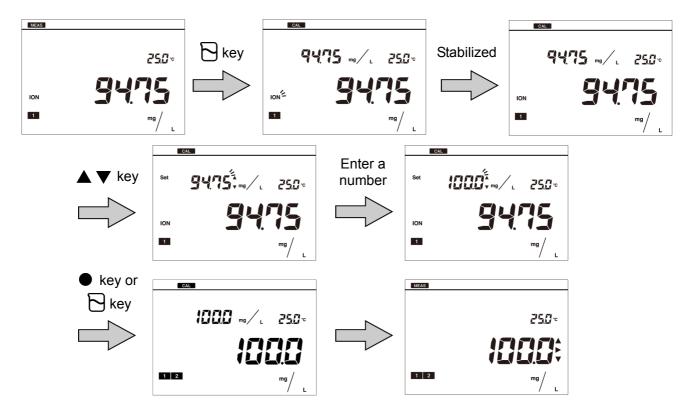
8. Press the \bigcirc key to enter the calibration mode.

Stability judgment automatically starts and the ion icon blinks until the measured value stabilizes. When the measured value stabilizes, the ion icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state.

9. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to enter the ion concentration value of the standard solution used for calibration.

To change the decimal point, press the % key.

Calibration to the set standard solution value is performed. The 2nd point calibration ends and "2" calibration history icon lights, indicating that 2nd point calibration is complete.



Two-point calibration is complete.

When calibrating three points or more, use the same procedure to continue calibrating the 3rd and subsequent points after the 2nd point calibration. You can calibrate up to five points.

Note

- If calibration of any standard solution is performed again, only the value of calibrated solution is updated. If calibration is repeated, only the calibration value of used standard solution is updated. The calibration values are retained until next calibration is performed or the data is deleted. For the procedure for deleting the calibration data, refer to " Deleting calibration data" (page 51).
- It is recommended that you should clear the previous calibration data before the calibration in order to perform more accurate calibration.

Check of the ion electrode status

After calibration is complete, the current ion electrode status is diagnosed from the calibration result.

Display	Description	Reference
ERROR No. is not displayed		
ERROR No.0005	Ion valency setting is incorrect or sensitivity setting is out of the measurable range. Set the correct ion valency. If the setting is correct but an error still occurs, perform electrode maintenance or replace the electrode.	P. 80

Performing measurement

You can perform measurement in the measurement mode by immersing the ion electrode in the sample. Also, you can use the automatic hold function to judge the stability of the measured value. The automatic hold function has two modes, the auto stability mode and the auto hold mode. For how to set the mode, refer to " Setting the auto stability and auto hold function " (page 55).

Note

- For performing calibration or measurement, replace the internal solution inside the outer tube of the ion electrode before using the electrode.
- Prepare at least 100 mL of the sample solution for measurement. An insufficient volume may cause the measured value to drift.
 - 1. Clean the ion electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with filter paper or tissue paper.

Do not directly touch the responsive membrane.

2. Open the internal solution filler port of the ion electrode.

If measurement is performed with the port closed, the internal solution does not flow and the measurement value is not stabilized. Make sure to keep the port open during calibration.

3. Immerse at least 3 cm from the tip of the ion electrode in the sample solution

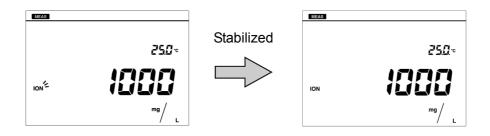
Make sure that the responsive membrane is immersed.

Stability judgment automatically starts and the pH icon blinks until the measured value stabilizes. When the measured value stabilizes, the pH icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state, and the display is fixed to the stabilized measured value.









Note

- The criteria of stability judgment in the auto hold measurement are as follows.
 Potential variation for 10 seconds is less than 1 mV and temperature variation is less than 2.0°C
- If the measured value is below the display range, "Ur" (under) appears. If the measured value is above the display range, "Or" (over) appears. For details on the action to take, refer to "The measured value is outside the display range " (page 84).

Saving measured values

To save the measurement data, press the \bullet key in the screen that you want to save. For details, refer to "Saving measurement data in the internal memory" (page 10).

Printing measured values in the measurement mode

To print the measurement data, press the \blacktriangleright key in the screen that you want to print. For details, refer to "Printing measured values and calibration data" (page 65).

Using various functions

This section describes functions available in this instrument.

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Data functions

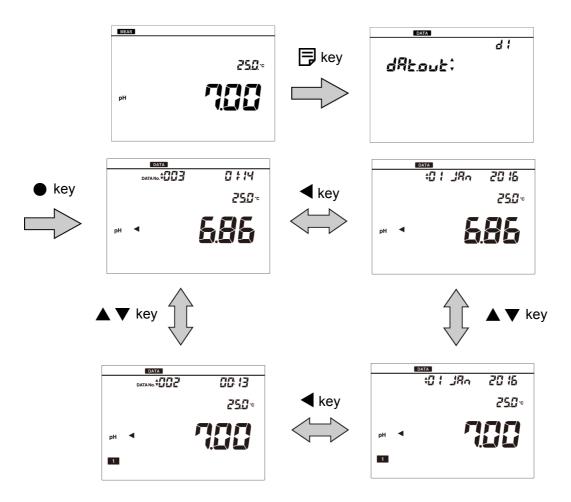
Displaying saved data

You can display the data saved in the internal memory.

- 1. Press the 🗦 key to enter the data mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "DAT.OUT" (display saved data) and then press the key.

Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to change the measurement data and press the \blacktriangleleft keys to change the display between date and data number.

When pressing the \blacktriangleright key, the data is printed.



To return to the measurement mode, press the \square key and then press the \bigtriangleup key.

• Using the automatic data save (default: OFF)

This function saves the data in the internal memory of the instrument at the specified interval automatically.

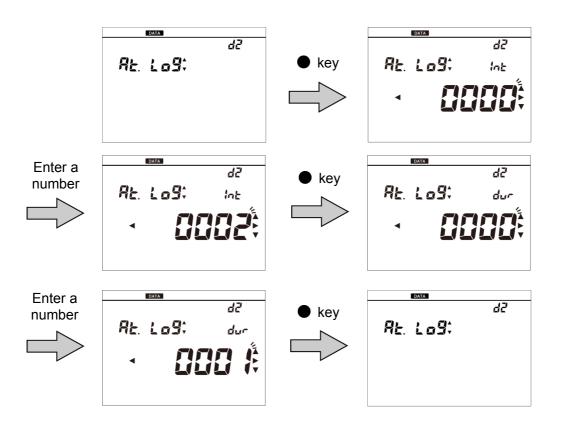
While using this function, auto stability and hold mode are not available and the automatic power off setting is disabled.

This function is available for PH1200 and PH1300.

- 1. Press the 🖪 key to enter the data mode.
- Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "AT. LOG" (automatic data save) and then press the ● key.



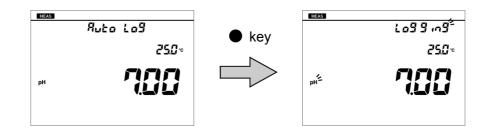
- 3. Enter the save interval (seconds), and press the key. An interval from 0, 2 s to 3600 s can be set. When "0" is entered, this function is set to OFF.
- 4. Enter the save period (minutes), and press the key.
 A period from 0 min to 3600 min can be set.
 "0" indicates no period.



5. Press the 63 key to enter the measurement mode.

6. Pressing the ● key starts saving the data (when the setting is "ON").

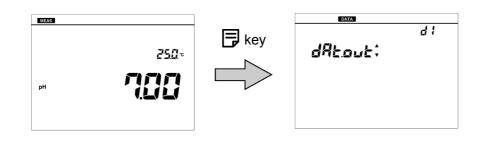
Pressing the ● key again stops the data saving process. During automatic data saving measurement, data is displayed for one second each time a measurement takes place. When more than 999 data items are saved, data saving stops and "ERROR No. 0010" is displayed. When you delete the data, the error is cleared (refer to " Deleting all saved data " (page 47)).



Deleting all saved data

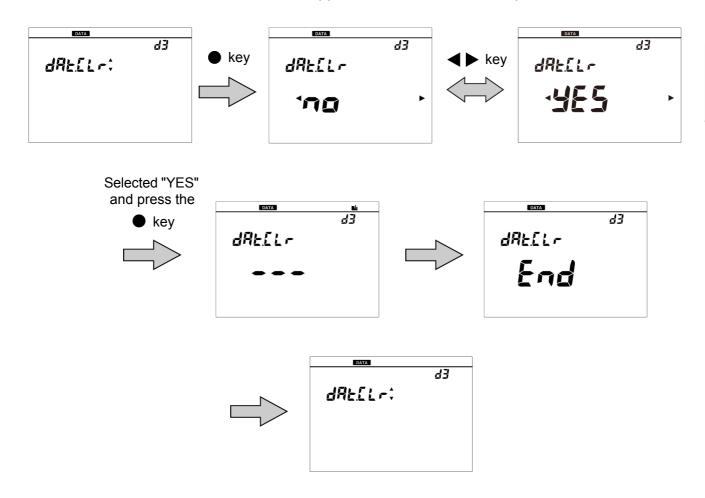
Delete all data saved in the internal memory. Data cannot be deleted selectively. Copy or transfer the data to a PC for storage if necessary.

1. Press the \square key to enter the data mode.



- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "DAT.CLR" (delete saved data) and then press the
 key.
- 3. Select "YES" to delete the saved data, or select "NO" to cancel deleting it. And then press the key to confirm.

When "YES" is selected, "END" appears after deletion is complete.



To return to the measurement mode, press the κ key.

Measurement settings

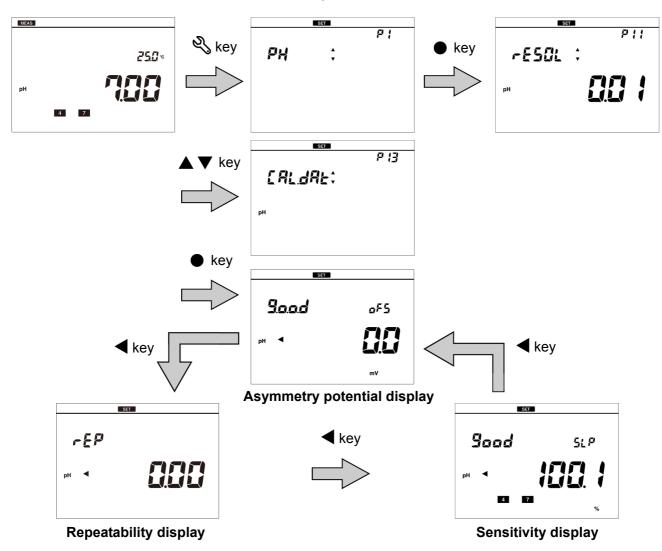
Displaying the latest calibration and inspection data

You can display the latest pH or ion calibration data and the repeatability inspection data (ion: PH1300 only).

- 1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the component to confirm the data from "pH" or "ION" and then press the ● key.
- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "CAL.DAT" (display calibration data) and then press the key.

The electrode status based on the calibration result is displayed. You can change the display item among "OFS" (asymmetry potential), "SLP" (sensitivity), and "REP" (repeatability).

When pressing the \blacktriangleright key, the calibration data is printed.



In the case of pH measurement

To return to the measurement mode, press the \square key and then press the $\land \land$ key.

____ Tip __

When multiple point calibration (more than two points) is performed, the results of multiple point calibration are displayed.

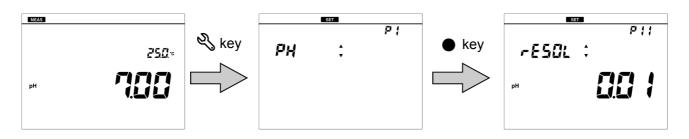
•	Electrode	status	based	on	calibration	result
---	-----------	--------	-------	----	-------------	--------

Display	Description	Reference
	Electrode sensitivity: 85% to 105% Good condition.	_

Using the calibration interval alarm (default: OFF)

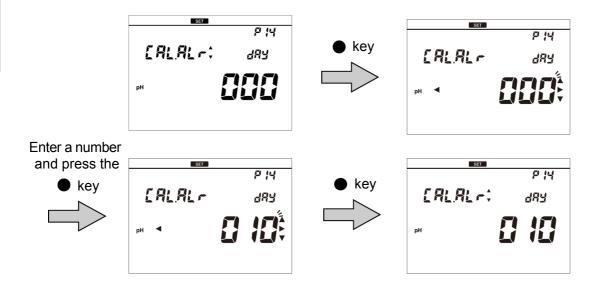
If the calibration has not been performed for set period of time after last calibration is performed, "ERROR No. 0008" is displayed to prevent forgetting to perform calibration. When the error is displayed, performing calibration clears the error.

- 1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "pH" (pH setting) and then press the key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "CAL.ALR" (calibration alarm setting) and then press the key.
- 4. Enter the setting period of the calibration interval alarm and then press the key to confirm.

The setting range is 1 day to 400 days.

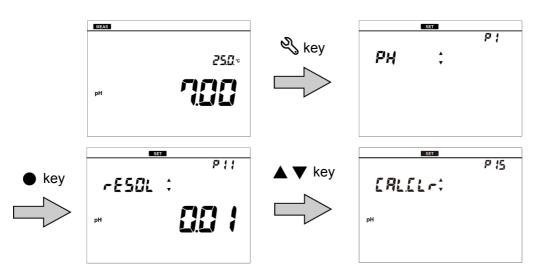


To return to the measurement mode, press the \mathcal{K} key.

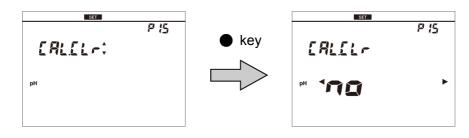
• Deleting calibration data

Delete the calibration data set in the instrument.

- 1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the component to confirm the data from "pH" or "ION" and then press the ● key.

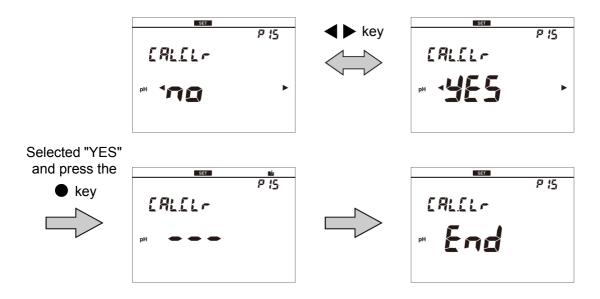


3. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to select "CAL.CLR" (delete calibration data) and then press the \bullet key.



4. Select "YES" to delete the calibration data, or select "NO" to cancel deleting it. And then press the ● key to confirm selection.

When "YES" is selected and the \bullet key is pressed, "END" appears after deletion is complete. Press the \bullet key.



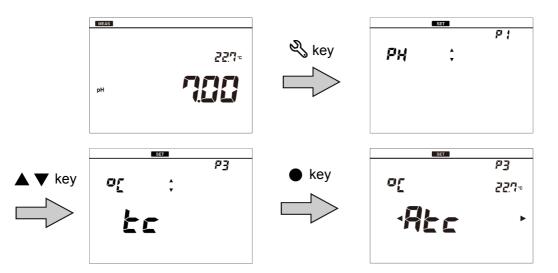
To return to the measurement mode, press the \mathcal{K} key.

Temperature settings

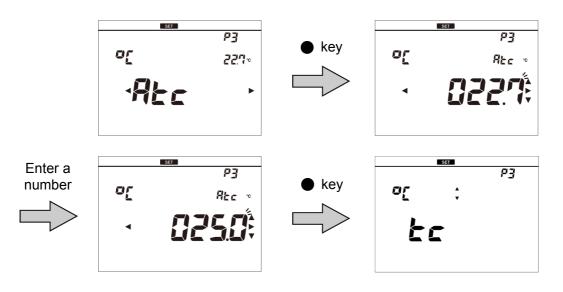
Calibrating temperature sensor

The temperature sensor or temperature compensation electrode in the combination electrode has $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C accuracy without calibration. You can use a known temperature solution to calibrate the temperature sensor.

- 1. Insert the temperature connector into the jack of the CH1 temperature electrode (T).
- 2. Immerse the electrode into the solution until the temperature sensor is immersed.
- 3. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "TC" (temperature setting) and then press the key.



- 5. Make sure that "ATC" is displayed, and press the key. The temperature setting screen appears.
- 6. Enter the set temperature and press the key to confirm. The temperature sensor is calibrated.



To return to the measurement mode, press the K3 key.

Note

When initializing temperature calibration data, all settings need to be initialized. Perform initialization by referring to "Resetting to factory default settings" (page 58). When initialization is performed, all saved data is deleted. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC for storage.

General settings

Setting the auto stability and auto hold function

This instrument has auto stability mode and auto hold mode.

Auto stability mode (displayed as AS)

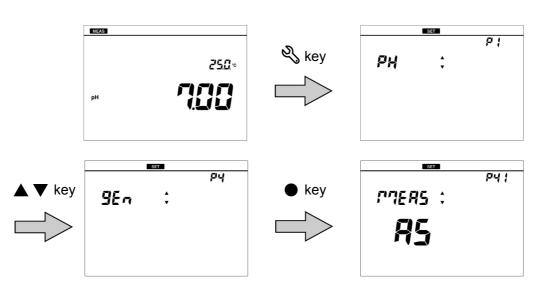
When the criterion for stability judgment is fulfilled during measurement, the component icon lights and the measured value is fixed. Once the value deviates from the stability judgment criterion, the measured value is released and displays instantaneous value.

• Auto hold mode (displayed as AH)

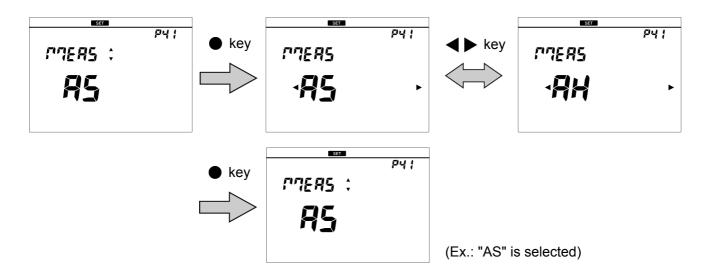
When the criterion for stability judgment is fulfilled during measurement, the component icon and the HOLD icon light and the measured value is fixed. To release the measured value, press the ∞ key. Once a measured value is fixed, the measured value is not released automatically even when the state deviates from the stability judgment criterion.

Setting procedure

- 1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to select "GEN" (general setting) and then press the \bullet key.
- Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "MEAS" (measurement setting) and then press the ● key.



4. Select "AS" to set the auto stability, or select "AH" to set the auto hold. And then press the ● key to confirm selection.



To return to the measurement mode, press the \mathcal{K} key.

Note

In the calibration mode, the auto stability mode always works.

_ Tip

The stability judgment criteria is the same for both the auto stability mode and auto hold mode.

Changing the automatic power off setting (default: 30 min)

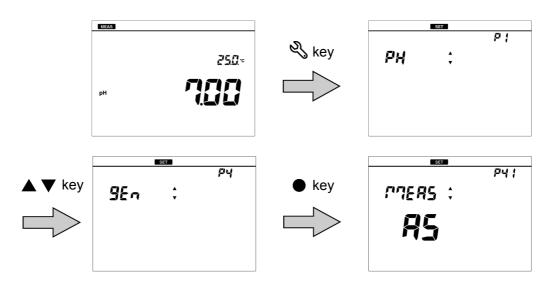
You can set the instrument to automatically turn OFF when there is no key operation for a certain period of time.

This function is disabled during automatic data memory saving or remote operation using an external device.

This function is available for PH1200 and PH1300.

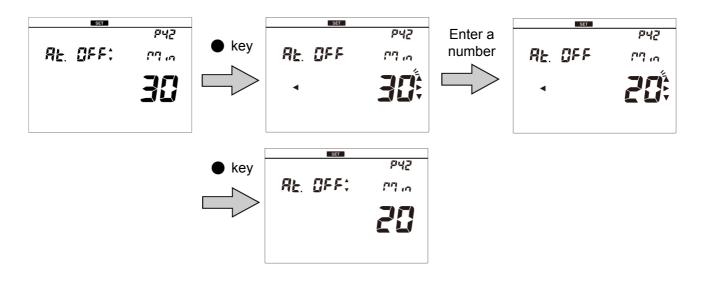
1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.

2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "GEN" (general setting) and then press the ● key.



- Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "AT. OFF" (automatic power off setting) and then press the key.
- 4. Enter the automatic power off time and press the key to confirm. The setting range is 0 min to 30 min.

"0" indicates the automatic power off is "OFF."



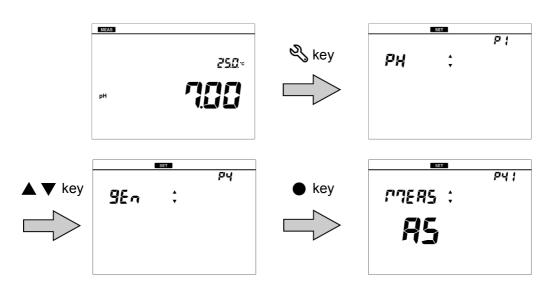
To return to the measurement mode, press the \mathcal{K} key.

Resetting to factory default settings

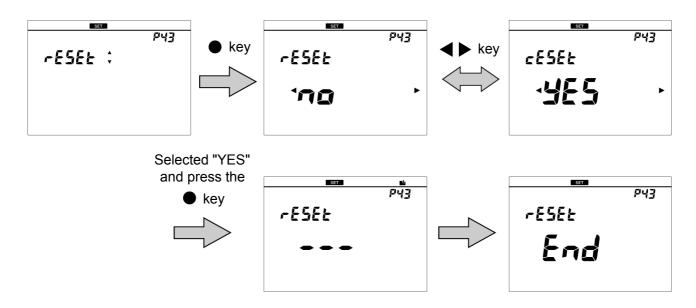
The instrument settings can be reset to the factory default settings. The calibration data and the saved data are deleted but the data of date and time are not deleted. Make sure there will be no problems before using this function. When this function is used, the temperature calibration data is also initialized.

1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.

2. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to select "GEN" (general setting) and then press the \bullet key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "RESET" (initialize) and then press the key.
- 4. Select "YES" to initialize the settings to the factory default settings, or select "NO" to cancel initialization. And then press the ● key to confirm selection. When "YES" is selected, "END" is displayed after the settings are initialized and then the instrument is automatically power OFF.

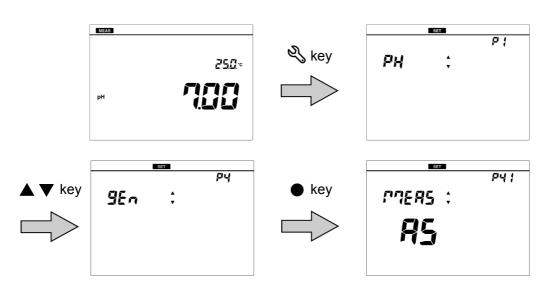


Setting the date and time

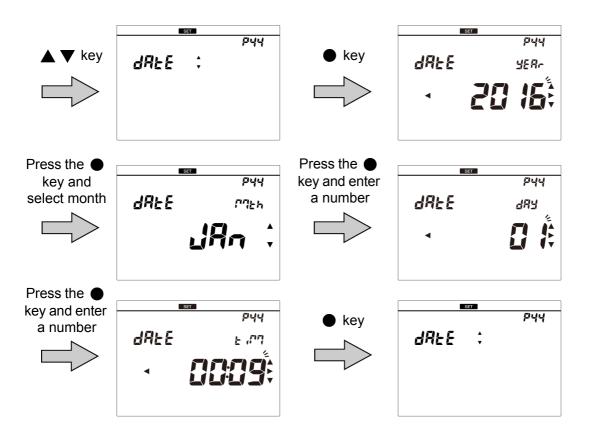
When using the instrument for the first time, set the date and time. After setting, the date and time data is displayed correctly when saving data in the internal memory. If the setting is incorrect, the date and time of saved data becomes incorrect. This function is available for PH1200 and PH1300.

1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.

2. Press the \blacktriangle \bigtriangledown keys to select "GEN" (general setting) and then press the \bullet key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "DATE" (date and time setting) and then press the key.
- 4. Set "YEAR" (current year) and press the key.
- 5. In the same way, set "MTH" (month), "DAY" (date), and "TIM" (hour and minute), in that order.
- 6. Press the key to confirm.



To return to the measurement mode, press the κ key.

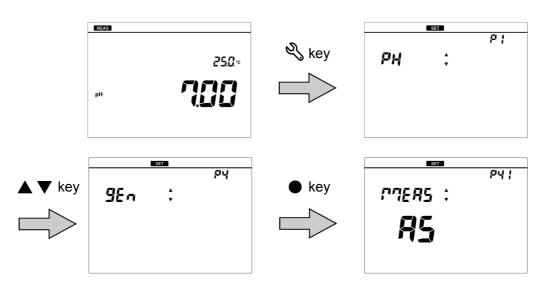
Performing test printing of the printer unit

In order to check whether the printer unit is operating correctly or there is a printer communication problem, you can perform test printing.

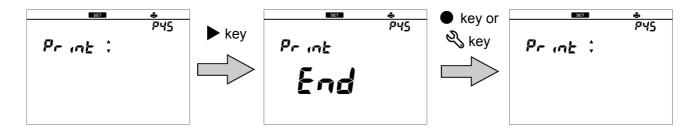
Connect the instrument and a printer correctly and perform the following procedure for test printing. As a result of test printing, if the printout is as shown below, the printer unit is operating correctly.

!"#\$%&'()*+,-./0123
456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFG
HIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[
¥]~_`abcdefghijklmno
pqrstuvwxyz{|}

- 1. Press the 🖏 key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to select "GEN" (general setting) and then press the \bullet key.



3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "PRNT" (test print) and then press the ▶ key. Printing starts automatically. When printing ends, the printer icon lights and "END" appears. Press the ● key or ⅔ key.

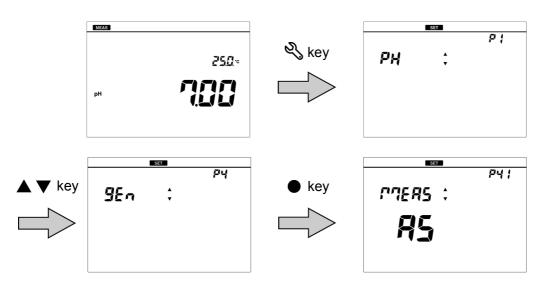


To return to the measurement mode, press the K key.

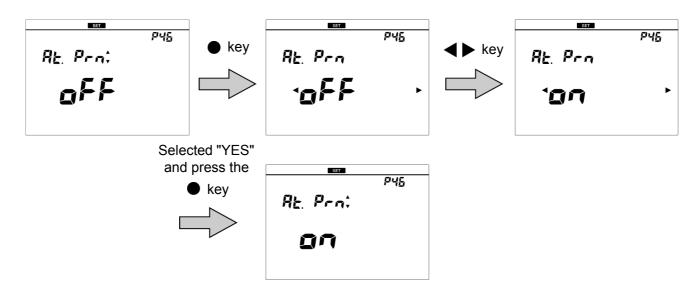
Setting automatic print

When a printer is connected, you can enable automatic printing. When the setting is ON, printing is executed automatically under the following conditions.

- · When data is saved during measurement
- When calibration or inspection is completed in the calibration screen
- 1. Press the \ll key to enter the setting mode.
- Press the ▲▼ keys to select "GEN" (general setting) and then press the key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "AT. PRN" (automatic print setting) and then press the key.
- 4. Select "ON" to use the function, or "OFF" to not use the function, and then press the key to confirm selection.

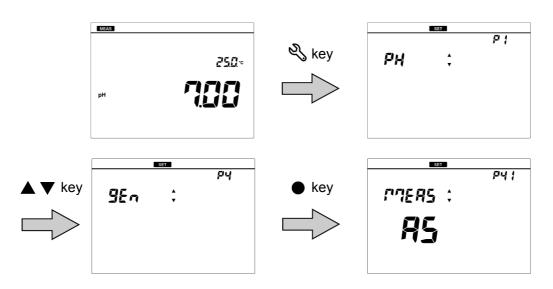


To return to the measurement mode, press the K key.

Setting password

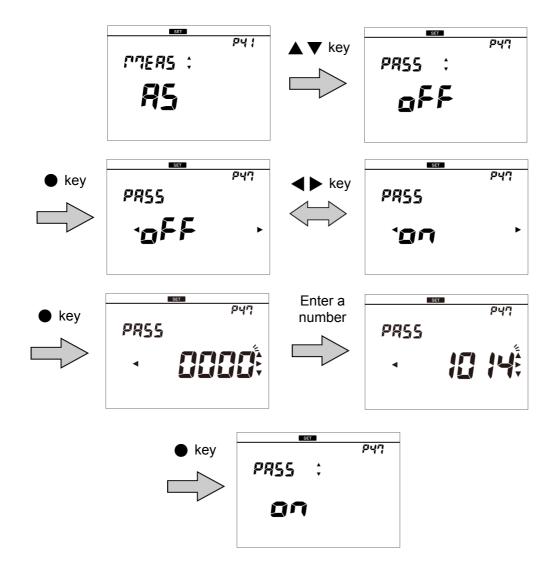
Operation of the others can be prevented by setting password.

- 1. Press the \Im key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the \blacktriangle \bigtriangledown keys to select "GEN" (general setting) and then press the \bullet key.



3. Press the $\blacktriangle \nabla$ keys to select "PASS" (password) and then press the \bullet key.

4. Enter a 4-digit number and press the ● key to confirm.



To return to the measurement mode, press the \mathcal{K} key.

Other settings

Printing measured values and calibration data

Print out the measured value or the calibrated value displayed on the instrument, or the measurement data or the calibration data saved in the instrument. If the repeatability is inspected, the inspection data is printed out with the calibration data.

Pressing the ► key starts printing during displaying the data you want to print. Use the printer cable to connect the printer unit with the instrument beforehand. If the automatic data memory is set to "ON", you cannot print out in the measurement mode.

Reference

For details of how to display measurement data and calibration data, refer to the respective section.

" Setting the date and time " (page 59)

" Displaying the latest calibration and inspection data" (page 48)

Refer to the following table for the pH (two point calibration) and ion concentration (two point calibration).

< Measurement data (pH)>

Printout format		Description
Date	: 2016/01/01	Measurement date
Time	: 09 : 00	Measurement time
рН	: 5.22	Measured value (Outside the display range: "UR" or "OR")
HOLD	: HOLD	HOLD status Hold value: HOLD Not hold value: INST
Temperature	: 25.5°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
Inst. model	: LAQUA-PH1300	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE10	Instrument serial number
Elect. status	: OK	Electrode status based on calibration result
Offset	: 0.7 mV	Asymmetry potential of calibration data
Sensitivity		Sensitivity of calibration data
pH 4.01 - 6.86	: 98.9%	

< Measurement data (ion)>

Printout format		Description
Date	: 2016/01/01	Measurement date
Time	: 09 : 00	Measurement time
ION	: 62.5 mg/L	Measured value
HOLD	: HOLD	HOLD status Hold value: HOLD Not hold value: INST
Temperature	: 25.5°C ATC	Temperature value (outside the display range: "UR" or "OR") and temperature setting
Inst. model	: LAQUA-PH1300	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE10	Instrument serial number
Elect. status	: OK	Electrode status based on calibration result
Sensitivity		Sensitivity of calibration data
1000 mg/L-100 mg/L		
	: 99.9%	

Printout format		Description
Memory Num	: 0001	Data number
Date	: 2016/01/01	Measurement date
Time	: 09 : 00	Measurement time
рН	: 5.22	Measured value (Outside the display range: "UR" or "OR")
HOLD	: INST	HOLD status Hold value: HOLD Not hold value: INST
Temperature	: 25.0°C MTC	Temperature value (Outside the display range: "UR" or "OR") and temperature setting
Inst. model	: LAQUA-PH1300	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE10	Instrument serial number
Elect. status	: OK	Electrode status based on calibration result

< The data saved in internal memory (pH)>

< The data saved in internal memory (ion)>

Printout format		Description
Memory Num	: 0001	Data number
Date	: 2016/01/01	Measurement date
Time	: 09 : 00	Measurement time
ION	: 62.5 mg/L	Measured value
HOLD	: INST	HOLD status Hold value: HOLD Not hold value: INST
Temperature	: 25.0°C MTC	Temperature value and temperature setting
Inst. model	: LAQUA-PH1300	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE10	Instrument serial number
Elect. status	: OK	Electrode status based on calibration result

Printout format		Description
Inst. model	: LAQUA-PH1300	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE10	Instrument serial number
Elect. status	: OK	Electrode status based on calibration result
Offset	: 0.7 mV	Asymmetry potential of calibration data
Sensitivity		Sensitivity of calibration data
pH 4.01 - 6.86	: 98.9%	
Repeatability	: 0.01	Repeatability of calibration data
Calibration data		
Date	: 2016/01/01	Calibration date
Time	: 09 : 00	Calibration time
pH 4.01	: 176.9 mV	Measurement potential
	: 25.0°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
pH 6.86	: 7.6 mV	Measurement potential
	: 25.1°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
Inspection before use		
pH 6.85	: 7.8 mV	Measurement potential at time of repeatability inspection
	: 25.1°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting

< Calibration data (pH, inspection was performed) >

< Calibration data (pH, inspection was not performed) >

Printout format		Description
Inst. model	: LAQUA-PH1300	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE10	Instrument serial number
Elect. status	: OK	Electrode status based on calibration result
Offset	: 0.7 mV	Asymmetry potential of calibration data
Sensitivity		Sensitivity of calibration data
pH 4.01 - 6.86	: 98.9%	
Calibration data		
Date	: 2016/01/01	Calibration date
Time	: 09 : 00	Calibration time
pH 4.01	: 176.9 mV	Measurement potential
	: 25.0°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
pH 6.86	: 7.6 mV	Measurement potential
	: 25.1°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting

< Calibration data (ion) >

Printout format		Description
Inst. model	: LAQUA-PH1300	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE10	Instrument serial number
Elect. status	: OK	Electrode status based on calibration result
Sensitivity		Sensitivity of calibration data
1000 mg/L-0.001 r	mg/L	
	: 99.9%	
Calibration data		
Date	: 2016/01/01	Calibration date
Time	: 09 : 00	Calibration time
1000 mg/L	: 241.2 mV	Measurement potential
	: 25.0°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
0.001 mg/L	: 0.1 mV	Measurement potential
	: 25.1°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting

Transferring saved data to a PC

By using a serial cable or USB cable to connect the instrument to a PC, you can transfer the saved data to the PC and edit it (PH1200, PH1300 only). Connect the RS-232C connector at the instrument side to the serial port on the PC or connect the USB connector at the instrument side to the USB port on the PC.

To save and edit data, please download the software "FD-70" from our website after the registration. (The "FD-70" will be available at the end of February 2016.)

For details of how to use the "FD-70", refer to the "FD-70" instruction manual, which you can download from our website as well.

The required PC specifications and recommended PC specifications for using the "FD-70" are shown in the following table.

ltem	Required PC specifications	Recommended PC specifications
Memory	256 MB or more	512 MB or more
CPU	1 GHz or more	1.6 GHz or more
HDD free space	5 GB or more	10 GB or more
OS	Windows XP (SP3), Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, or Windows 10	
Display	Super VGA (800 × 600) or more	
Connector	Serial connector (D-Sub 9 pin)	

Note

 If you are not using the RS-232C or USB communication, close the connector cover tightly.

• While using the RS-232C or USB communication, the instrument is not dust-proof. Do not use the RS-232C or USB communication in a dusty place or with wet hands.

Operating the instrument from an external device

You can remotely operate the instrument from an external device (such as PC) via RS-232C communication (PH1100, PH1200, PH1300) or USB communication (PH1200, PH1300). Use a serial cable or a USB cable to connect the RS-232C connector or the USB connector on the instrument and the serial port or the USB port on the PC.

When using this function, pay attention to the following points.

- Use the optional serial cable or USB cable to connect the unit to a PC.
- Make sure that the transfer formats used in the instrument and a PC are the same. When different transfer formats are used, a communication error occurs and the online mode does not start up, and as a result RS-232C communication cannot be performed. Also, when the transfer format is changed, turn OFF the power of the instrument and PC and then reboot them.

The transfer format of the instrument is as follows.

- Baud rate: 2400 bps
- Character length: 8 bits
- Parity: None
- Stop bit: 1 bit

You can download a list of communication commands from our website. In order to download the list, you need to complete user registration.

Note

• If you are not using the RS-232C or USB communication, close the connector cover tightly.

• While using the RS-232C or USB communication, the instrument is not dust-proof. Do not use the RS-232C or USBcommunication in a dusty place or with wet hands.

$M \in M O$

Maintenance

This section describes maintenance of the instrument and the electrodes that are used with the instrument. To use them for a long period, perform the described maintenance procedures appropriately.

Contact for maintenance

Please contact your dealer for the product maintenance.

- Maintenance and storage of the instrument
 - · If the instrument becomes dirty, wipe it gently with a soft dry cloth. If it is difficult to remove the dirt, wipe it gently with a cloth moistened with alcohol.
 - . The instrument is made of solvent resistant materials but that does not mean it is resistant to all chemicals. Do not dip the instrument in strong acid or alkali solution, or wipe it with such solution.
 - Do not wipe the instrument with a polishing powder or other abrasive compound.

Environmental conditions for storage

Temperature: 0°C to 45°C

Humidity: under 80% in relative humidity and free from condensation

Avoid the following conditions.

- Dusty place
- Strong vibration
- Direct sunlight
- Corrosive gas environment
- Close to an air-conditioner
- Direct wind

Maintenance and storage of the pH electrode

For the detailed procedures for maintaining and storing electrodes, refer to the instruction manual for each electrode. This section describes an overview of the procedures for maintenance and storage to be performed as part of daily use.

How to clean the electrode

When the tip of an electrode (responsive membrane and liquid junction) becomes dirty, the response speed may become slow or an error may occur in the measurement results. To avoid such error, clean the electrode. For dirt that cannot be removed by pure water (or deionized water), use the cleaning solution indicated below depending on the type of dirt. After cleaning, rinse the electrode with pure water (or deionized water).

Type of dirt	Cleaning solution
General	Diluted neutral cleaning solution
Oil	Alcohol, or diluted neutral cleaning solution
Inorganic substance	1 mol/L HCl or electrode cleaning solution (model 220)
Protein	Cleaning solution including protein-removing enzyme (model 250)
Alkaline	Immerse 1 mol/L HCl or electrode cleaning solution (model 220) in 1 h to 2 h

Daily storage of the electrode

If the electrode becomes dry, the response will become slow. Store in a moist atmosphere. Follow the steps below to properly store the electrode.

- 1. Clean the electrode well with pure water (or deionized water) to remove sample completely, and close the internal solution filler port.
- 2. Clean inside of the protective cap with pure water (or deionized water), then add enough pure water (or deionized water) to soak the sponge.
- 3. Attach the protective cap.

• When the electrode will not be used for a long period

To store the electrode for a long period, follow the electrode storage procedure above, and in addition, use a dropper or similar tool to replace the reference electrode internal solution (model 300) with new solution. Replace the internal solution once every three to six months.

Maintenance and storage of the ORP electrode

For the detailed procedures for maintaining and storing electrodes, refer to the instruction manual for each electrode. This section describes an overview of the procedures for maintenance and storage to be performed as part of daily use.

• How to clean the electrode

When the tip of an electrode (responsive membrane and liquid junction) becomes dirty, the response speed may become slow or an error may occur in the measurement results. To avoid such error, clean the electrode. For dirt that cannot be removed by pure water (or deionized water), use the cleaning solution indicated below depending on the type of dirt. After cleaning, rinse the electrode with pure water (or deionized water).

Type of dirt	Cleaning solution
General	Diluted neutral cleaning solution
Oil	
Inorganic substance	Immerse dilute nitric acid (1:1 nitric acid)

• Daily storage of the electrode

If the electrode becomes dry, the response will become slow. Store in a moist atmosphere. Follow the steps below to properly store the electrode.

- 1. Clean the electrode well with pure water (or deionized water) to remove sample completely, and close the internal solution filler port.
- 2. Clean inside of the protective cap with pure water (or deionized water), then add enough pure water (or deionized water) to soak the sponge.
- 3. Attach the protective cap.

• When the electrode will not be used for a long period

To store the electrode for a long period, follow the electrode storage procedure above, and in addition, use a dropper or similar tool to replace the reference electrode internal solution (model 300) with new solution. Replace the internal solution once every three to six months.

• Checking the state of the ORP electrode

ORP standard solution can be used to check the state of the ORP electrode.

This solution is only used to check the state of the ORP electrode; it is not used to calibrate the instrument. The procedure for checking the electrode using HORIBA ORP standard solution powder 160-22 or 160-51 is explained below.

1. Add one bag of 160-22 or 160-51 standard solution powder to 250 mL of deionized water and mix thoroughly.

When mixing, the excess quinhydrone (a black powder) will float to the surface of the solution.

2. Immerse a cleaned and dried ORP electrode in the prepared standard solution and measure the mV value.

If the electrode and the instrument are working properly, numerical values within ± 15 mV of those indicated below should be obtained.

The ORP value varies by temperature. Check the appropriate ORP value for the temperature of the standard solution.

3. If the ORP value is not within ± 15 mV, replace the reference electrode internal solution.

If the surface of the metal electrode is dirty, wipe it gently with a soft material such as absorbent cotton moistened with alcohol or a neutral cleaning solution, or immerse in dilute nitric acid (1:1 nitric acid) to remove the dirt.

4. Repeat the measurement.

If the ORP value is within ± 15 mV, the electrode is normal. If not within ± 15 mV, the electrode may have failed. Replace the electrode.

Note

- If the prepared standard solution is left out in air for one hour or more, that the ORP value might change. Do not use the ORP standard solution that was prepared more than one hour before.
- When measuring a solution that has low concentrations of oxidants and reductants after conducting an operational check using a standard substance, the measured values may not stabilize or the repeatability might be poor. If this is the case, use the ORP electrode after immersing it in the solution again and mixing it thoroughly.

ORP value based on the temperature of ORP standard solution

Temp. (°C)	160-22 Phthalic-acid chloride + quinhydrone (mV)	160-51 Neutral phosphate + quinhydrone (mV)
5	274.2	111.9
10	270.9	106.9
15	266.8	101.0
20	262.5	95.0
25	257.6	89.0
30	253.5	82.7
35	248.6	76.2
40	243.6	69.0

Maintenance and storage of the ion electrode

For the detailed procedures for maintaining and storing electrodes, refer to the instruction manual for each electrode. This section describes an overview of the procedures for maintenance and storage to be performed as part of daily use.

• Daily storage of the electrode

While the electrode is stored, the concentration of the reference internal solution (outer tube) may change. For this reason, replace the reference internal solution (outer tube) with a dropper or similar tool about once a week to once a month.

When storing the electrode, immerse it in the solution indicated below depending on the electrode type.

ion	Conditioning solution	
CI ⁻	Pure water (or deionized water)	
F ⁻	Pure water (or deionized water)	
NO ₃	1 mol/L potassium nitrate solution (100 g/L KNO ₃)	
K ⁺	0.1 mol/L potassium chloride solution (7.5 g/L KCI)	
Ca ²⁺	Tap water	
NH ₃	0.01 mol/L ammonium chloride solution	

• When the electrode will not be used for a long period

To store the electrode for a long period, follow the electrode storage procedure below.

- 1. Remove the electrode tip from the electrode and put the rubber cap.
- 2. Put the protective cap on the electrode. Be sure to keep the protective cap dry.
- 3. Store both the electrode tip and the electrode in a dry place.

Note

Before reuse, condition the electrode as indicated in " Ion concentration measurement " (page 31).

ΜΕΜΟ

How to resolve errors or troubles

This section describes the causes of typical problems and the actions to be taken, including questions frequently asked by customers. Check these before contacting us.

When an error message appears

If "ERROR No.00XX" is displayed while you are using the instrument, check the error in the error list below to check the cause and action to be taken.

ERROR No.	Description	Definition of error
0001	Memory error	Data cannot be read from or written to the internal memory.
0004	Asymmetric potential error	The asymmetric potential of the electrode is out of the range of ±45 mV.
0005	Electrode sensitivity error	The electrode sensitivity is either 105% or more or 85% or less than the theoretical sensitivity.
0006	Maximum calibration points exceeded	6th point calibration is attempted.
0007	Cannot identify standard solution	The instrument cannot identify the standard solution.
0008	Calibration interval error	Exceeds the calibration interval setting.
0009	Printer error	There is a problem with the printer.
0010	Memory full	The number of the data saved has exceeded the limit of the internal memory.

• ERROR No.0001 Memory error

Data cannot be read from or written to the internal memory.

Cause	How to solve problem
The instrument does not start properly due to noise or other at power ON.	Disconnect the AC adapter, and then press the $igcup$ key.
The defect of the internal IC	Contact your dealer for repair.

ERROR No.0004 Asymmetric potential error

Detected that the asymmetric potential of the electrode is out of the setting range that allows proper measurement.

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The standard solution concentration is fluctuating.	Replace the internal solution in the reference electrode.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.
There is a problem with the standard solution.	Use new standard solution.

• ERROR No.0005 Electrode sensitivity error

Detected that the electrode sensitivity is out of the setting range that allows proper measurement.

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
Calibration was not performed correctly.	Perform calibration correctly.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.
There is a problem with the standard solution.	Use new standard solution.

ERROR No.0006 Maximum calibration points exceeded

Attempted to perform 6th point calibration during pH and ion calibration.

Cause	How to solve problem
6th point calibration is attempted.	Up to five points can be calibrated.

ERROR No.0007 Cannot identify standard solution

Unable to automatically detect the standard solution during pH calibration.

Cause	How to solve problem
There is a problem with the standard solution.	Use new standard solution.
Settings about the standard solution do not match the instrument.	Check if the instrument settings and the specifications of the standard solution are compatible.
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The standard solution concentration is fluctuating.	Replace the internal solution in the reference electrode.
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.

ERROR No.0008 Calibration interval error

- More than the set number of days has elapsed since calibration was last performed.
- The calibration interval alarm is "ON" and calibration has not been performed.

Cause	How to solve problem
Calibration has not been performed for the set number of days of the calibration interval or longer.	Perform calibration.
The calibration interval alarm is "ON" and calibration has not been performed.	Perform calibration.

ERROR No.0009 Printer error

An error occurred during printer communication.

Cause	How to solve problem
There is a problem with the printer unit connection.	Check the printer connection, and connect the instrument and printer again.
The defect of the printer	Consult your dealer.

• ERROR No.0010 Memory full

Attempted to save more than specified items of data.

Cause	How to solve problem
items of data is attempted.	The maximum number of savable items of data is 500 (PH1100) or 999 (PH1200/PH1300). Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC and delete the data from the memory (refer to " Deleting all saved data " (page 47)).

Troubleshooting

This section describes causes and actions to take for problems that customers frequently ask us.

The indicated value fluctuates

< Problem with the electrode >

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The wrong internal solution is being used.	Use the correct internal solution.
There are air bubbles on the electrode.	Shake the electrode to remove the air bubbles.
The level of internal solution in reference electrode is low.	Replenish the internal solution of the reference electrode until it is higher than the level of the sample.

< Problem with the instrument >

Cause	How to solve problem
There is a motor or other device causing electrical interference.	Measure at a place where no influence from induction is given. Ground all AC-powered equipment.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.

< Problem with the sample >

Cause	How to solve problem
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.
The stability of electrode is affected by the sample solution.	It is important to select an electrode that is appropriate for the sample. Consult your dealer. To confirm an electrode that is appropriate for the sample, check the pH electrode selection guide in our catalogue, or refer to our website.

• The response is slow

Cause	How to solve problem	
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode.	
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.	
The wrong internal solution is being used.	Use the correct internal solution.	
The response of electrode is affected by the sample solution.	It is important to select an electrode that is appropriate for the sample. Consult your dealer. To confirm an electrode that is appropriate for the sample, check the pH electrode selection guide in our catalogue, or refer to our website.	

• The indicated value does not change/No response

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.
The instrument is in HOLD state.	Cancel the HOLD state.
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.

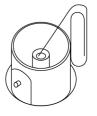
• The measured value is outside the display range

When the measured value is below the display range, "Ur" appears. When the measured value is over the display range, "Or" appears.

Cause	How to solve problem	
Sample is out of the measurement range.	Use a sample within the measurement range.	
Electrode is not immersed enough to cover liquid junction.	The electrode must be immersed up to the liquid junction. As a guide, immerse to at least 3 cm from the tip of the electrode.	
The electrode cable is broken.	Replace the electrode.	
Calibration is not performed or performed incorrectly.	Perform calibration correctly.	
Instrument defect	Check as explained below.	

• How to check for instrument defect

Short the metal part of the outer tube to the center pin of the electrode connector of the corresponding channel of the instrument. If "Ur" or "Or" appears in this condition, consult your dealer.



• Repeatability of the measured value is poor

Cause	How to solve problem
Effect of the sample solution	Repeatability becomes poor when the pH of the sample changes over time.
The electrode is dirty.	Clean the electrode. (Electrode cleaning solution 220 or 250 is recommended.)
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The internal solution of the electrode runs out or contaminated.	Replace the internal solution with new one.
The level of internal solution in reference electrode is low.	Replenish the internal solution of the reference electrode until it is higher than the level of the sample.

• Nothing appears when the power is turned ON

Cause	How to solve problem	
Power is not supplied.	Connect the AC adapter.	
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.	

Part of the display is missing

Cause	How to solve problem	
	Check the display in full screen state when turning ON the power of the instrument.	

MEMO

Appendix

This section describes the specifications of the instrument, default settings, measurement principles, and other technical information. Options for the instrument are also described.

Main specifications

Item	Contents		
Model	LAQUA-PH1100, LAQUA-PH1200, LAQUA-PH1300		
	PH1100	pH, mV (ORP), temperature	
Measurement parameters	PH1200	pH, mV (ORP), temperature	
parametero	PH1300	pH, mV (ORP), ion concentration, temperature	
Operating ambient	0°C to 45°C		
temperature, humidity	80% or less in relative humidity (no condensation)		
Power	AC adapter 100 V to 240 V, 50/60 Hz		
Dimensions	Approx. 170 (W) × 174 (D) × 73 (H) mm		
Mass	Approx. 500 g		

· Specification of each measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	Item	Description
	Measuring principle	Glass electrode
	Display range	pH –2.000 to pH 16.000
	Measuring range	pH 0.000 to pH 14.000
рН	Resolution	Selectable from 0.1 pH/0.01 pH/0.001pH (0.001 pH: PH1200 and PH1300 only)
	Accuracy	±0.003 pH (PH1100: ±0.01 pH)
	Repeatability	±0.002 pH (PH1100: ±0.01 pH)
	Measuring range	±2000 mV
mV (ORP)	Resolution	0.1 mV
IIIV (OIXF)	Accuracy	±0.2 mV
	Repeatability	±0.2 mV
	Measuring principle	Thermistor method
	Display range	-30.0°C to 130.0°C
Temperature	Measuring range	0.0°C to 100.0°C
	Resolution	0.1°C
	Accuracy	±0.4°C
	Repeatability	±0.2°C

Measurement parameter	ltem	Description
	Measuring principle	Ion electrode
lon	Measuring range (Display range)	0.000 to 9999 The unit is chosen from μ g/L, mg/L, g/L, mmol/L, mol/L, and it's fixed.
	Resolution	Valid numbers 4 digits
	Accuracy	±0.3% of full scale
	Repeatability	±0.3% ±1 digit of full scale

_ Tip _

-

_ Tip ______ Accuracy is the difference between the measured value and the simulation value when the simulation value is inputted to the instrument.

Functions

Item	PH1100	PH1200	PH1300
Clock	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
Memory number	500	999	999
Auto data memory	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
Printer connection	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
PC connection	-	✓	\checkmark

Instrument default settings

Measurement parameter	Item	Selection item/Setting range	Default values
	Auto hold	AS/AH	AS
	Temperature input value	0.0°C to 100.0°C	25.0°C
Common	Auto power off time (PH1200 and PH1300 only)	0 min to 30 min * ¹	30 min
	Auto data memory time (PH1200 and PH1300 only)	0, 2 s to 3600 s * ²	2 s
	Auto data memory period (PH1200 and PH1300 only)	0 min to 3600 min	0 min
	Standard solution	USA/NIST/CUST	USA
pH Calibration interva		0 day to 400 days * ³	1 day
	lon valency	-2/ -1/ 1/ 2	1
lon	Unit	μg/L, mg/L, g/L, mmol/L, mol/L	mg/L

*1: When 0 is inputted, auto power OFF is OFF.*2: When 0 is inputted, auto data memory is OFF.*3: When 0 is inputted, calibration alarm interval is OFF.

Technical note

PH standard solution values at various temperatures

< USA	< /
-------	-----

Temp. (°C)	pH 2 Oxalate	pH 4 Phthalate	pH 7 Neutral phosphate	pH 10 Carbonate	pH 12 Saturated calcium hydroxide solution
0	1.666	4.003	7.119	10.318	13.423
5	1.668	3.999	7.086	10.245	13.207
10	1.670	3.998	7.058	10.178	13.003
15	1.672	3.999	7.035	10.117	12.810
20	1.675	4.002	7.015	10.061	12.627
25	1.679	4.008	7.000	10.011	12.454
30	1.683	4.015	6.988	9.965	12.289
35	1.688	4.024	6.979	9.925	12.133
40	1.694	4.035	6.973	9.888	11.984
45	1.700	4.047	6.969	9.856	11.841

< NIST (pH 2, 4, 12 are common) >

Temp.	рН 7	рН 9
(°C)	Neutral phosphate	Borate
0	6.984	9.464
5	6.951	9.395
10	6.923	9.332
15	6.900	9.276
20	6.881	9.225
25	6.865	9.180
30	6.853	9.139
35	6.844	9.102
40	6.838	9.068
45	6.834	9.038

_ Tip _

The differences between USA and NIST standard solutions are a different pH 7 value, and the use of pH 9 standard solution instead of pH 10 standard solution in NIST.

Note

Calibration is performed using Nernst's equation with the above values.

Options

A wide variety of electrodes and options are available for use with the instrument. You can select the optimum electrode and options for your application and objectives.

These options can be purchased from your nearest agency. Please provide the part name and part number to the representative.

With regard to electrodes, it is important to select the optimum electrode for the sample you want to measure. For details, refer to the catalogue or our website, or contact your dealer.

Part name		Part number	Remarks
Plain paper printer	Printer (USA, 120 V)	3014030146	Printer cable sold separately
	Printer (EU, 230 V)	3014030147	Finiter cable sold separately
	Printer cable	3014030148	1.5 m
printer	Roll paper	3014030149	20 rolls/set
	Ink ribbon	3014030150	5 pcs/set
Serial cable		3014030151	1.5 m
USB cable		3200373941	1 m
	ectrode stand odel FA-70A)	3200644455	



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